

P R O S P E C T U S

February 28, 2011

Please carefully read the important information it contains before investing.

DFA INVESTMENT DIMENSIONS GROUP INC.

PORTFOLIOS FOR INVESTORS SEEKING TO INVEST IN:

DOMESTIC EQUITY PORTFOLIOS

**VA U.S. LARGE VALUE PORTFOLIO
VA U.S. TARGETED VALUE PORTFOLIO**

INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIOS

**VA INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO
VA INTERNATIONAL SMALL PORTFOLIO**

FIXED INCOME PORTFOLIOS

**VA SHORT-TERM FIXED PORTFOLIO
VA GLOBAL BOND PORTFOLIO**

This Prospectus describes the shares of each Portfolio which:

Are available to insurance company separate accounts funding variable life and variable annuity contracts.

Do not charge sales commissions or loads.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE PORTFOLIO

This table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio. The expenses in the table do not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. If such fees and charges were included, the expenses would be higher.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment): None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fee	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.05%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.30%

Example

This Example is meant to help you compare the cost of investing in the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example does not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Portfolio for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Portfolio's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$31	\$97	\$169	\$381

Portfolio Turnover

The VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Portfolio shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate was 33% of the average value of its investment portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP (the "Advisor") believes that equity investing should involve a long-term view and a systematic focus on sources of expected returns, not on stock picking or market timing. In constructing an investment portfolio, the Advisor identifies a broadly diversified universe of eligible securities with precisely-defined risk and return characteristics. It then places priority on efficiently managing portfolio turnover and keeping trading costs low. The Advisor does not intend to purchase or sell securities for the investment portfolio based on prospects for the economy, the securities markets or the individual issuers whose shares are eligible for purchase.

The VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio, using a market capitalization weighted approach, purchases a broad and diverse group of readily marketable common stocks of large U.S. companies that the Advisor determines to be value stocks. A company's market capitalization is the number of its shares outstanding times its price per share. In general, the higher the relative market capitalization of the U.S. large cap company, the greater its representation in the Portfolio. The Advisor may modify market capitalization weights after considering such factors as free float, momentum, trading strategies, liquidity management and other factors that the Advisor determines appropriate, given market conditions. Securities are considered value stocks primarily because a company's shares have a high book value in relation to their market value (a "book to market ratio").

As a non-fundamental policy, under normal circumstances, VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio will invest at least 80% of its net assets in securities of large cap U.S. companies. As of the date of this Prospectus, for purposes of the Portfolio, the Advisor considers large cap companies to be companies whose market capitalizations are generally in the highest 90% of total market capitalization or companies whose market capitalizations are larger than the 1,000th largest U.S. company, whichever results in the higher market capitalization break. Total market capitalization is based on the market capitalization of U.S. operating companies listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), NYSE Alternext US LLC, Nasdaq Global Market® or such other securities exchanges deemed appropriate by the Advisor. Under the Advisor's market capitalization guidelines described above, as of December 31, 2010, the market capitalization of a large cap company was \$2,357 million, or above. This dollar amount will change due to market conditions.

The VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio may use derivatives, such as futures contracts and options on futures contracts for U.S. equity securities and indices, to gain market exposure on its uninvested cash pending investment in securities or to maintain liquidity to pay redemptions.

The VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio may lend its portfolio securities to generate additional income.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

Market Risk: Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Economic, political, and issuer-specific events will cause the value of securities, and the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio that owns them, to rise or fall. Because the value of your investment in the Portfolio will fluctuate, there is the risk that you will lose money.

Value Investment Risk: Value stocks may perform differently from the market as a whole and following a value-oriented investment strategy may cause the Portfolio to at times underperform equity funds that use other investment strategies.

Derivatives: Derivatives are securities, such as futures contracts, whose value is derived from that of other securities or indices. The use of derivatives for non-hedging purposes may be considered more speculative than other types of investments. When the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio uses derivatives, the Portfolio will be directly exposed to the risks of that derivative. Derivative securities are subject to a number of risks including liquidity, interest rate, market, credit and management risks, and the risk of improper valuation. Changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index, and the Portfolio could lose more than the principal amount invested.

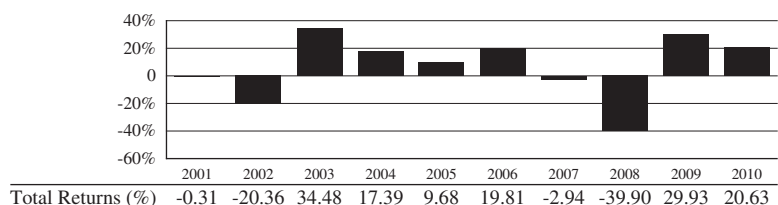
Securities Lending: Securities lending involves the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. As a result, the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio may lose money and there may be a delay in recovering the loaned securities. The Portfolio could also lose money if it does not recover the securities and/or the value of the collateral falls, including the value of investments made with cash collateral. Securities lending also may have certain potential adverse tax consequences.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table immediately following illustrate the variability of the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio's returns and are meant to provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Portfolio. The bar chart shows the changes in the Portfolio's performance from year to year. The performance reflected in the bar chart for the Portfolio does not reflect any insurance company separate account charges, which if reflected would lower returns. The table illustrates how annualized one year, five year and ten year returns, both before and after taxes, compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Portfolio's past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future results. Updated performance information for the Portfolio can be obtained by visiting www.dimensionalfund.com.

The after-tax returns presented in the table for the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown in the table. In addition, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Portfolio through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio



January 2001-December 2010

Highest Quarter
24.33 (4/09-6/09)

Lowest Quarter
-27.59 (10/08-12/08)

<u>Annualized Returns (%)</u>	<u>Periods ending December 31, 2010</u>		
	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio			
Return Before Taxes	20.63%	1.84%	4.18%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	20.29%	1.36%	3.72%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Portfolio Shares	13.75%	1.53%	3.53%
Russell 1000® Value Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	15.51%	1.28%	3.25%

INVESTMENT ADVISOR/PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP serves as the investment advisor for the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio. Stephen A. Clark, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, is responsible for coordinating the day to day management of the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio and has been a portfolio manager since 2001.

PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF FUND SHARES

Shares of the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio are sold only to insurance company separate accounts or to other investment companies funded by insurance company separate accounts. Purchases and redemptions of

shares of the Portfolio by a separate account will be effected at the net asset value per share. Contract owners do not deal directly with the Portfolio with respect to the acquisition or redemption of shares of the Portfolio. Please see the prospectus of the insurance company separate account for information regarding the purchase and redemption of shares of the Portfolio.

TAX INFORMATION

The dividends and distributions paid from the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio to the insurance company separate accounts generally will consist of ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both. Because shares of the Portfolio must be purchased through separate accounts, such distributions will be exempt from current taxation by contract holders if left to accumulate within the separate account.

VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the V.A. U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE PORTFOLIO

This table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio. The expenses in the table do not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. If such fees and charges were included, the expenses would be higher.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment): None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fee	0.35%
Other Expenses	0.07%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.42%

Example

This Example is meant to help you compare the cost of investing in the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example does not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Portfolio for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Portfolio's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$43	\$135	\$235	\$530

Portfolio Turnover

The VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Portfolio shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate was 32% of the average value of its investment portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP (the "Advisor") believes that equity investing should involve a long-term view and a systematic focus on sources of expected returns, not on stock picking or market timing. In constructing an investment portfolio, the Advisor identifies a broadly diversified universe of eligible securities with precisely-defined risk and return characteristics. It then places priority on efficiently managing portfolio turnover and keeping trading costs low. The Advisor does not intend to purchase or sell securities for the investment portfolio based on prospects for the economy, the securities markets or the individual issuers whose shares are eligible for purchase.

The VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio, using a market capitalization weighted approach, purchases a broad and diverse group of the readily marketable common stocks of U.S. small and mid cap companies that the Advisor determines to be value stocks. A company's market capitalization is the number of its shares outstanding times its price per share. In general, the higher the relative market capitalization of the eligible company, the greater its representation in the Portfolio. The Advisor may modify market capitalization weights after considering such factors as free float, momentum, trading strategies, liquidity management and other factors that the Advisor determines appropriate, given market conditions. Securities are considered value stocks primarily because a company's shares have a high book value in relation to their market value (a "book to market ratio").

As a non-fundamental policy, under normal circumstances, the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio will invest at least 80% of its net assets in securities of U.S. companies. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Advisor considers for investment companies whose market capitalizations are generally smaller than the 500th largest U.S. company. As of December 31, 2010, companies smaller than the 500th largest U.S. company fall in the lowest 20% of total U.S. market capitalization. Total market capitalization is based on the market capitalization of U.S. operating companies listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), NYSE Alternext US LLC, Nasdaq Global Market[®] or such other securities exchanges deemed appropriate by the Advisor. As of December 31, 2010, the market capitalization of a company smaller than the 500th largest U.S. company was \$5,005 million, or below. This dollar amount will change due to market conditions.

The VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio may use derivatives, such as futures contracts and options on futures contracts for U.S. equity securities and indices, to gain market exposure on its uninvested cash pending investment in securities or to maintain liquidity to pay redemptions.

The VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio may lend its portfolio securities to generate additional income.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

Market Risk: Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Economic, political, and issuer-specific events will cause the value of securities, and the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio that owns them, to rise or fall. Because the value of your investment in the Portfolio will fluctuate, there is the risk that you will lose money.

Value Investment Risk: Value stocks may perform differently from the market as a whole and following a value-oriented investment strategy may cause the Portfolio to at times underperform equity funds that use other investment strategies.

Small Company Risk: Securities of small companies are often less liquid than those of large companies and this could make it difficult to sell a small company security at a desired time or price. As a result, small company stocks may fluctuate relatively more in price. In general, smaller capitalization companies are also more vulnerable than larger companies to adverse business or economic developments and they may have more limited resources.

Derivatives: Derivatives are securities, such as futures contracts, whose value is derived from that of other securities or indices. The use of derivatives for non-hedging purposes may be considered more speculative than other types of investments. When the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio uses derivatives, the Portfolio will be directly exposed to the risks of that derivative. Derivative securities are subject to a number of risks including liquidity, interest rate, market, credit and management risks, and the risk of improper valuation. Changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index, and the Portfolio could lose more than the principal amount invested.

Securities Lending: Securities lending involves the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. As a result, the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio may lose money and there may be a

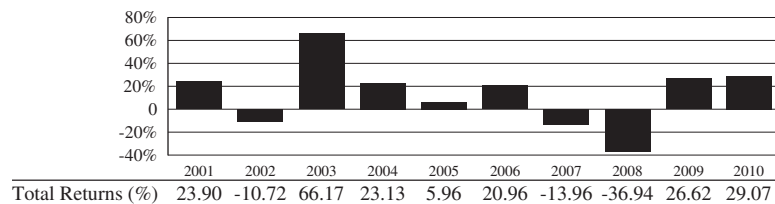
delay in recovering the loaned securities. The Portfolio could also lose money if it does not recover the securities and/or the value of the collateral falls, including the value of investments made with cash collateral. Securities lending also may have certain potential adverse tax consequences.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table immediately following illustrate the variability of the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio's returns and are meant to provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Portfolio. The bar chart shows the changes in the Portfolio's performance from year to year. The performance reflected in the bar chart for the Portfolio does not reflect any insurance company separate account charges, which if reflected would lower returns. The table illustrates how annualized one year, five year and ten year returns, both before and after taxes, compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Portfolio's past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future results. Updated performance information for the Portfolio can be obtained by visiting www.dimensionalfund.com.

The after-tax returns presented in the table for the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown in the table. In addition, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Portfolio through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio



January 2001-December 2010

Highest Quarter
31.89 (4/03-6/03)

Lowest Quarter
-27.68 (10/08-12/08)

<u>Annualized Returns (%)</u>	<u>Periods ending December 31, 2010</u>		
	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio			
Return Before Taxes	29.07%	1.41%	9.91%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	28.95%	0.48%	8.35%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Portfolio Shares	19.05%	1.09%	8.32%
Russell 2000® Value Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes) . . .	24.50%	3.52%	8.42%

INVESTMENT ADVISOR/PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP serves as the investment advisor for the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio. Stephen A. Clark, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, is responsible for coordinating the day to day management of the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio and has been a portfolio manager since 2001.

PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF FUND SHARES

Shares of the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio are sold only to insurance company separate accounts or to other investment companies funded by insurance company separate accounts. Purchases and redemptions of shares of the Portfolio by a separate account will be effected at the net asset value per share. Contract owners do not deal directly with the Portfolio with respect to the acquisition or redemption of shares of the Portfolio. Please see the prospectus of the insurance company separate account for information regarding the purchase and redemption of shares of the Portfolio.

TAX INFORMATION

The dividends and distributions paid from the VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio to the insurance company separate accounts generally will consist of ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both. Because shares of the Portfolio must be purchased through separate accounts, such distributions will be exempt from current taxation by contract holders if left to accumulate within the separate account.

VA International Value Portfolio

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the VA International Value Portfolio is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE PORTFOLIO

This table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the VA International Value Portfolio. The expenses in the table do not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. If such fees and charges were included, the expenses would be higher.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment): None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fee	0.40%
Other Expenses	0.10%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.50%

Example

This Example is meant to help you compare the cost of investing in the VA International Value Portfolio with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example does not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Portfolio for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Portfolio's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$51	\$160	\$280	\$628

Portfolio Turnover

The VA International Value Portfolio pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Portfolio shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Portfolio's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate was 21% of the average value of its investment portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP (the "Advisor") believes that equity investing should involve a long-term view and a systematic focus on sources of expected returns, not on stock picking or market timing. In constructing an investment portfolio, the Advisor identifies a broadly diversified universe of eligible securities with precisely-defined risk and return characteristics. It then places priority on efficiently managing portfolio turnover and keeping trading costs low. The Advisor does not intend to purchase or sell securities for the investment portfolio based on prospects for the economy, the securities markets or the individual issuers whose shares are eligible for purchase.

The VA International Value Portfolio, using a market capitalization weighted approach, purchases stocks of large non-U.S. companies in countries with developed markets that the Advisor determines to be value stocks. A company's market capitalization is the number of its shares outstanding times its price per share. In general, the higher the relative market capitalization of a large company within an eligible country, the greater its representation in the Portfolio. The Advisor may modify market capitalization weights after considering such factors as free float, momentum, trading strategies, liquidity management and other factors that the Advisor determines appropriate, given market conditions. Securities are considered value stocks primarily because a company's shares have a high book value in relation to their market value (a "book to market ratio").

The VA International Value Portfolio intends to purchase stocks of large companies associated with developed market countries that the Advisor has designated as approved markets. The Advisor determines the minimum market capitalization of a large company with respect to each country or region in which the Portfolio invests. As of December 31, 2010, for the Portfolio, the lowest minimum market capitalization of a large company in any country or region in which the Portfolio invests was \$1,438 million. This threshold will change due to market conditions.

The VA International Value Portfolio also may gain exposure to companies associated with approved markets by purchasing equity securities in the form of depository receipts, which may be listed or traded outside the issuer's domicile country. The VA International Value Portfolio may use derivatives, such as futures contracts and options on futures contracts for foreign or U.S. equity securities and indices, to gain market exposure on its uninvested cash pending investment in securities or to maintain liquidity to pay redemptions.

The VA International Value Portfolio may lend its portfolio securities to generate additional income.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

Market Risk: Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Economic, political, and issuer-specific events will cause the value of securities, and the VA International Value Portfolio that owns them, to rise or fall. Because the value of your investment in the Portfolio will fluctuate, there is the risk that you will lose money.

Value Investment Risk: Value stocks may perform differently from the market as a whole and following a value-oriented investment strategy may cause the Portfolio to at times underperform equity funds that use other investment strategies.

Foreign Securities and Currencies Risk: Foreign securities prices may decline or fluctuate because of: (a) economic or political actions of foreign governments, and/or (b) less regulated or liquid securities markets. Investors holding these securities are also exposed to foreign currency risk (the possibility that foreign currency will fluctuate in value against the U.S. dollar). The VA International Value Portfolio does not hedge foreign currency risk.

Derivatives: Derivatives are securities, such as futures contracts, whose value is derived from that of other securities or indices. The use of derivatives for non-hedging purposes may be considered more speculative than other types of investments. When the VA International Value Portfolio uses derivatives, the Portfolio will be directly exposed to the risks of that derivative. Derivative securities are subject to a number of risks including liquidity, interest rate, market, credit and management risks, and the risk of improper valuation. Changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index, and the Portfolio could lose more than the principal amount invested.

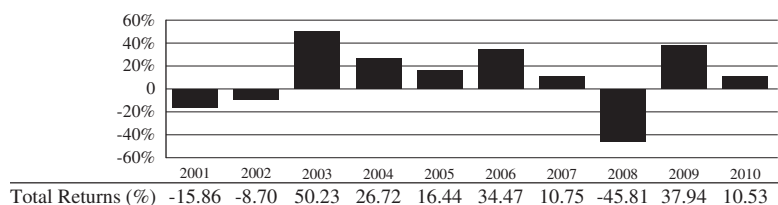
Securities Lending: Securities lending involves the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. As a result, the VA International Value Portfolio may lose money and there may be a delay in recovering the loaned securities. The Portfolio could also lose money if it does not recover the securities and/or the value of the collateral falls, including the value of investments made with cash collateral. Securities lending also may have certain potential adverse tax consequences.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table immediately following illustrate the variability of the VA International Value Portfolio's returns and are meant to provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Portfolio. The bar chart shows the changes in the Portfolio's performance from year to year. The performance reflected in the bar chart for the Portfolio does not reflect any insurance company separate account charges, which if reflected would lower returns. The table illustrates how annualized one year, five year and ten year returns, both before and after taxes, compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Portfolio's past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future results. Updated performance information for the Portfolio can be obtained by visiting www.dimensionalfund.com.

The after-tax returns presented in the table for the VA International Value Portfolio are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown in the table. In addition, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Portfolio through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

VA International Value Portfolio



January 2001-December 2010

Highest Quarter
34.09 (4/09-6/09)

Lowest Quarter
-24.61 (10/08-12/08)

<u>Annualized Returns (%)</u>	<u>Periods ending December 31, 2010</u>		
	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
VA International Value Portfolio			
Return Before Taxes	10.53%	4.24%	7.68%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	10.14%	2.93%	6.61%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Portfolio Shares	7.22%	3.55%	6.56%
MSCI World ex USA Index (net dividends) (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes on sales)	8.95%	3.05%	3.98%

INVESTMENT ADVISOR/PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP serves as the investment advisor for VA International Value Portfolio. The following portfolio managers are responsible for coordinating the day to day management of the VA International Value Portfolio:

- Karen Umland, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 1998.
- Stephen A. Clark, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 2001.

- Joseph H. Chi, Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 2005.
- Jed S. Fogdall, Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 2004.

PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF FUND SHARES

Shares of the VA International Value Portfolio are sold only to insurance company separate accounts or to other investment companies funded by insurance company separate accounts. Purchases and redemptions of shares of the Portfolio by a separate account will be effected at the net asset value per share. Contract owners do not deal directly with the Portfolio with respect to the acquisition or redemption of shares of the Portfolio. Please see the prospectus of the insurance company separate account for information regarding the purchase and redemption of shares of the Portfolio.

TAX INFORMATION

The dividends and distributions paid from the VA International Value Portfolio to the insurance company separate accounts generally will consist of ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both. Because shares of the Portfolio must be purchased through separate accounts, such distributions will be exempt from current taxation by contract holders if left to accumulate within the separate account.

VA International Small Portfolio

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the VA International Small Portfolio is to achieve long-term capital appreciation.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE PORTFOLIO

This table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the VA International Small Portfolio. The expenses in the table do not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. If such fees and charges were included, the expenses would be higher.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment): None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fee	0.50%
Other Expenses	0.13%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.63%

Example

This Example is meant to help you compare the cost of investing in the VA International Small Portfolio with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example does not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Portfolio for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Portfolio's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$64	\$202	\$351	\$786

Portfolio Turnover

The VA International Small Portfolio pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Portfolio shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the VA International Small Portfolio's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the VA International Small Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate was 9% of the average value of its investment portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP (the "Advisor") believes that equity investing should involve a long-term view and a systematic focus on sources of expected returns, not on stock picking or market timing. In constructing an investment portfolio, the Advisor identifies a broadly diversified universe of eligible securities with precisely-defined risk and return characteristics. It then places priority on efficiently managing portfolio turnover and keeping trading costs low. The Advisor does not intend to purchase or sell securities for the investment portfolio based on prospects for the economy, the securities markets or the individual issuers whose shares are eligible for purchase.

The VA International Small Portfolio, using a market capitalization weighted approach, purchases securities of (1) Japanese small companies; (2) United Kingdom small companies; (3) small companies organized under the laws of certain European countries; (4) small companies associated with Australia, New Zealand and Pacific Rim Asian countries; and (5) Canadian small companies. The VA International Small Portfolio also may have some exposure to small cap equity securities associated with other countries or regions. A company's market capitalization is the number of its shares outstanding times its price per share. In general, the higher the relative market capitalization of a small company within an eligible country, the greater its representation in the Portfolio. The Advisor may modify market capitalization weights after considering such factors as free float, momentum, trading strategies, liquidity management and other factors that the Advisor determines appropriate, given market conditions. The Advisor will determine the allocation of assets among the five segments and will periodically review and modify such allocation, all in its sole discretion. As a non-fundamental policy, under normal circumstances, the Portfolio will invest at least 80% of its net assets in securities of small companies. As of December 31, 2010, the highest maximum market capitalization of a small company in any country in which the VA International Small Portfolio invests was \$4,264 million.

The VA International Small Portfolio also may gain exposure to companies associated with approved markets by purchasing equity securities in the form of depositary receipts, which may be listed or traded outside the issuer's domicile country. The VA International Small Portfolio may use derivatives, such as futures contracts and options on futures contracts for foreign or U.S. equity securities and indices, to gain market exposure on its uninvested cash pending investment in securities or to maintain liquidity to pay redemptions.

The VA International Small Portfolio may lend its portfolio securities to generate additional income.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

Market Risk: Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Economic, political, and issuer-specific events will cause the value of securities, and the VA International Small Portfolio that owns them, to rise or fall. Because the value of your investment in the Portfolio will fluctuate, there is the risk that you will lose money.

Foreign Securities and Currencies Risk: Foreign securities prices may decline or fluctuate because of: (a) economic or political actions of foreign governments, and/or (b) less regulated or liquid securities markets. Investors holding these securities are also exposed to foreign currency risk (the possibility that foreign currency will fluctuate in value against the U.S. dollar). The VA International Small Portfolio does not hedge foreign currency risk.

Small Company Risk: Securities of small companies are often less liquid than those of large companies and this could make it difficult to sell a small company security at a desired time or price. As a result, small company stocks may fluctuate relatively more in price. In general, smaller capitalization companies are also more vulnerable than larger companies to adverse business or economic developments and they may have more limited resources.

Derivatives: Derivatives are securities, such as futures contracts, whose value is derived from that of other securities or indices. The use of derivatives for non-hedging purposes may be considered more speculative than other types of investments. When the VA International Small Portfolio uses derivatives, the Portfolio will be directly exposed to the risks of that derivative. Derivative securities are subject to a number of risks including liquidity, interest rate, market, credit and management risks, and the risk of improper valuation. Changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index, and the Portfolio could lose more than the principal amount invested.

Securities Lending: Securities lending involves the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. As a result, the VA International Small Portfolio may lose money and there may be a

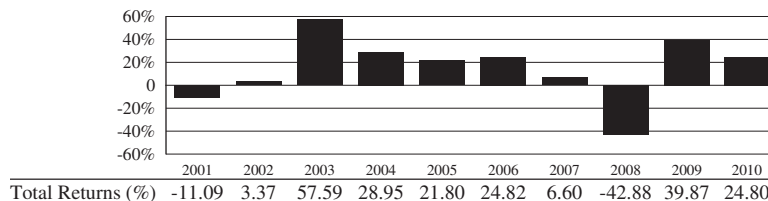
delay in recovering the loaned securities. The Portfolio could also lose money if it does not recover the securities and/or the value of the collateral falls, including the value of investments made with cash collateral. Securities lending also may have certain potential adverse tax consequences.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table immediately following illustrate the variability of the VA International Small Portfolio's returns and are meant to provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Portfolio. The bar chart shows the changes in the Portfolio's performance from year to year. The performance reflected in the bar chart for the Portfolio does not reflect any insurance company separate account charges, which if reflected would lower returns. The table illustrates how annualized one year, five year and ten year returns, both before and after taxes, compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Portfolio's past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future results. Updated performance information for the Portfolio can be obtained by visiting www.dimensionalfund.com.

The after-tax returns presented in the table for the VA International Small Portfolio are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown in the table. In addition, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Portfolio through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

VA International Small Portfolio



January 2001-December 2010

Highest Quarter
31.25 (4/09-6/09)

Lowest Quarter
-22.08 (7/08-9/08)

<u>Annualized Returns (%)</u>	<u>Periods ending December 31, 2010</u>		
	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
VA International Small Portfolio			
Return Before Taxes	24.80%	5.82%	11.68%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	24.30%	4.59%	10.47%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Portfolio Shares	16.45%	4.72%	10.03%
MSCI World ex USA Small Cap Index (net dividends) (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes on sales)	24.51%	3.79%	10.06%

INVESTMENT ADVISOR/PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP serves as the investment advisor for the VA International Small Portfolio. The following portfolio managers are responsible for coordinating the day to day management of the VA International Small Portfolio:

- Karen Umland, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 1998.

- Stephen A. Clark, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 2001.
- Joseph H. Chi, Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 2005.
- Jed S. Fogdall, Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 2004.

PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF FUND SHARES

Shares of the VA International Small Portfolio are sold only to insurance company separate accounts or to other investment companies funded by insurance company separate accounts. Purchases and redemptions of shares of the Portfolio by a separate account will be effected at the net asset value per share. Contract owners do not deal directly with the Portfolio with respect to the acquisition or redemption of shares of the Portfolio. Please see the prospectus of the insurance company separate account for information regarding the purchase and redemption of shares of the Portfolio.

TAX INFORMATION

The dividends and distributions paid from the VA International Small Portfolio to the insurance company separate accounts generally will consist of ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both. Because shares of the Portfolio must be purchased through separate accounts, such distributions will be exempt from current taxation by contract holders if left to accumulate within the separate account.

VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio is to achieve a stable real return in excess of the rate of inflation with a minimum of risk.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE PORTFOLIO

This table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio. The expenses in the table do not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. If such fees and charges were included, the expenses would be higher.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment): None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fee	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.05%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.30%

Example

This Example is meant to help you compare the cost of investing in the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example does not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Portfolio for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Portfolio's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$31	\$97	\$169	\$381

Portfolio Turnover

The VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Portfolio shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate was 79% of the average value of its investment portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP (the "Advisor") believes that fixed income investing should involve a long-term view and a systematic focus on bond market risk and return, not on interest rate forecasting or market timing.

In constructing an investment portfolio, the Advisor identifies a broadly diversified universe of eligible securities with precisely defined maturity ranges and credit quality characteristics. The Advisor will then seek to purchase a broad and diverse portfolio of securities meeting these credit quality standards. In making these

purchase decisions, if the anticipated maturity risk premium is greater for longer-term securities in the eligible maturity range, the Advisor will focus investment in that longer-term area, otherwise, the portfolio will focus investment in the short-term range of the eligible maturity range. The Advisor also places priority on efficiently managing portfolio turnover and keeping trading costs low.

The VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by generally investing in a universe of high quality fixed income securities that typically mature in one year or less. The Portfolio may, however, take a large position in securities maturing within two years from the date of settlement when higher yields are available. The Portfolio purchases U.S. government obligations, U.S. government agency obligations, dollar-denominated obligations of foreign issuers issued in the U.S., foreign government and agency obligations, bank obligations, including U.S. subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks, corporate obligations, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, obligations of supranational organizations and affiliated and unaffiliated unregistered money market funds. As a non-fundamental policy, under normal circumstances, the Portfolio will invest at least 80% of its net assets in fixed income securities and maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity that will not exceed one year. The Portfolio principally invests in certificates of deposit, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, notes and bonds.

The VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio may concentrate its investments in obligations of U.S. and foreign banks and bank holding companies. The Portfolio will invest more than 25% of its total assets in obligations of U.S. and/or foreign banks and bank holding companies ("banking industry securities") when the yield to maturity on eligible portfolio investments in banking industry securities as a group generally exceeds the yield to maturity on all other eligible portfolio investments as a group for a period of five consecutive days when the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. See the section entitled "**Investments in the Banking Industry—VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio**" in the Portfolio's prospectus for additional information.

The VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio may lend its portfolio securities to generate additional income.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

Market Risk: Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Economic, political, and issuer-specific events will cause the value of securities, and the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio that owns them, to rise or fall. Because the value of your investment in the Portfolio will fluctuate, there is the risk that you will lose money.

Foreign Securities Risk: Foreign securities prices may decline or fluctuate because of: (a) economic or political actions of foreign governments, and/or (b) less regulated or liquid securities markets.

Interest Rate Risk: Fixed income securities are subject to interest rate risk because the prices of fixed income securities tend to move in the opposite direction of interest rates. When interest rates rise, fixed income security prices fall. When interest rates fall, fixed income security prices rise. In general, fixed income securities with longer maturities are more sensitive to these price changes.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a security may be unable to make interest payments and/or repay principal when due. A downgrade to an issuer's credit rating or a perceived change in an issuer's financial strength may affect a security's value, and thus, impact the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio's performance.

Income Risk: Income Risk is the risk that falling interest rates will cause the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio's income to decline.

Risks of Banking Concentration: Focus on the banking industry would link the performance of the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio to changes in performance of the banking industry generally. For example, a change in the

market's perception of the riskiness of banks compared to non-banks would cause the value of the Portfolio's securities to fluctuate. Banks are very sensitive to changes in money market and general economic conditions. The profitability of the banking industry is dependent upon banks being able to obtain funds at reasonable costs and upon liquidity in the capital and credit markets to finance their lending operations. Adverse general economic conditions can cause financial difficulties for a bank's borrowers and the borrowers' failure to repay their loans can adversely affect the bank's financial situation. Banks are subject to extensive regulation and decisions by regulators may limit the loans banks make and the interest rates and fees they charge, which could reduce bank profitability.

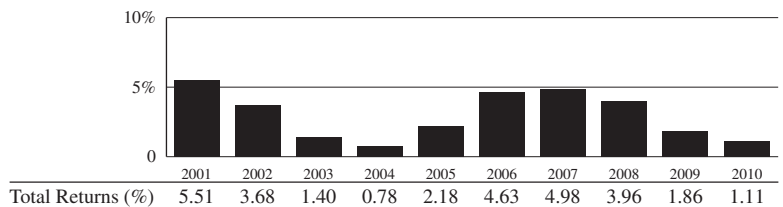
Securities Lending: Securities lending involves the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. As a result, the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio may lose money and there may be a delay in recovering the loaned securities. The Portfolio could also lose money if it does not recover the securities and/or the value of the collateral falls, including the value of investments made with cash collateral. Securities lending also may have certain potential adverse tax consequences.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table immediately following illustrate the variability of the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio's returns and are meant to provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Portfolio. The bar chart shows the changes in the Portfolio's performance from year to year. The performance reflected in the bar chart for the Portfolio does not reflect any insurance company separate account charges, which if reflected would lower returns. The table illustrates how annualized one year, five year and ten year returns, both before and after taxes, compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Portfolio's past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future results. Updated performance information for the Portfolio can be obtained by visiting www.dimensional.com.

The after-tax returns presented in the table for the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown in the table. In addition, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Portfolio through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio



January 2001-December 2010

Highest Quarter
2.34 (10/08-12/08)

Lowest Quarter
-0.59 (4/04-6/04)

<u>Annualized Returns (%)</u>	<u>Periods ending December 31, 2010</u>		
	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio			
Return Before Taxes	1.11%	3.29%	2.99%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	0.79%	2.30%	1.99%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Portfolio Shares	0.75%	2.25%	1.97%
BofA Merrill Lynch Six-Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index*			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	0.36%	2.97%	2.78%
BofA Merrill Lynch One-Year U.S. Treasury Note Index*			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	0.83%	3.31%	3.17%

* Source Merrill Lynch, used with permission. *MERRILL LYNCH IS LICENSING THE MERRILL LYNCH INDICES "AS IS," MAKES NO WARRANTIES REGARDING SAME, DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE QUALITY, ACCURACY AND/OR COMPLETENESS OF THE MERRILL LYNCH INDICES OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN OR DERIVED THEREFROM, AND ASSUMES NO LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THEIR USE.*

INVESTMENT ADVISOR/PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP serves as the investment advisor for the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio. The following portfolio managers are responsible for coordinating the day to day management of the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio:

- Stephen A. Clark, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 2001.
- David A. Plecha, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 1989.

PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF FUND SHARES

Shares of the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio are sold only to insurance company separate accounts or to other investment companies funded by insurance company separate accounts. Purchases and redemptions of shares of the Portfolio by a separate account will be effected at the net asset value per share. Contract owners do not deal directly with the Portfolio with respect to the acquisition or redemption of shares of the Portfolio. Please see the prospectus of the insurance company separate account for information regarding the purchase and redemption of shares of the Portfolio.

TAX INFORMATION

The dividends and distributions paid from the VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio to the insurance company separate accounts generally will consist of ordinary income. Because shares of the Portfolio must be purchased through separate accounts, such distributions will be exempt from current taxation by contract holders if left to accumulate within the separate account.

VA Global Bond Portfolio

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment objective of the VA Global Bond Portfolio is to provide a market rate of return for a fixed income portfolio with low relative volatility of returns.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE PORTFOLIO

This table describes the fees and expenses you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the VA Global Bond Portfolio. The expenses in the table do not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. If such fees and charges were included, the expenses would be higher.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment): None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fee	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.06%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.31%

Example

This Example is meant to help you compare the cost of investing in the VA Global Bond Portfolio with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example does not include any fees or charges imposed by the variable insurance contract. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Portfolio for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Portfolio's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<u>1 Year</u>	<u>3 Years</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
\$32	\$100	\$174	\$393

Portfolio Turnover

The VA Global Bond Portfolio pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Portfolio shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the VA Global Bond Portfolio's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the VA Global Bond Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate was 80% of the average value of its investment portfolio.

PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP (the "Advisor") believes that fixed income investing should involve a long-term view and a systematic focus on bond market risk and return, not on interest rate forecasting or market timing.

In constructing an investment portfolio, the Advisor identifies a broadly diversified universe of eligible securities with precisely defined maturity ranges and credit quality characteristics. The Advisor will then seek to purchase a broad and diverse portfolio of securities meeting these credit quality standards. In making these

purchase decisions, if the anticipated maturity risk premium is greater for longer-term securities in the eligible maturity range, the Advisor will focus investment in that longer-term area, otherwise, the portfolio will focus investment in the short-term range of the eligible maturity range. The Advisor also places priority on efficiently managing portfolio turnover and keeping trading costs low.

The VA Global Bond Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by generally investing in a universe of U.S. and foreign debt securities maturing in five years or less. The Portfolio primarily purchases obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. and foreign governments, their agencies and instrumentalities, obligations of other foreign issuers rated AA or better, corporate debt obligations, bank obligations, commercial paper and supranational organizations. At the present time, the Advisor expects that most investments will be made in the obligations of issuers which are developed countries, such as those countries which are members of the Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). However, in the future, the Advisor anticipates investing in issuers located in other countries as well. The fixed income securities in which the VA Global Bond Portfolio invests are considered investment grade at the time of purchase. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio intends to invest its assets in issuers organized or having a majority of their assets in, or deriving a majority of their operating income in, at least three different countries, one of which may be the United States. As a non-fundamental policy, under normal circumstances, the Portfolio will invest at least 80% of its net assets in fixed income securities. The Portfolio will generally invest its assets in obligations which mature within five years from the date of settlement. Because many of the Portfolio's investments will be denominated in foreign currencies, the Portfolio will also enter into forward foreign currency contracts solely for the purpose of hedging against fluctuations in currency exchange rates.

The VA Global Bond Portfolio may lend its portfolio securities to generate additional income.

PRINCIPAL RISKS

Market Risk: Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Economic, political, and issuer-specific events will cause the value of securities, and the VA Global Bond Portfolio that owns them, to rise or fall. Because the value of your investment in the Portfolio will fluctuate, there is the risk that you will lose money.

Foreign Securities and Currencies Risk: Foreign securities prices may decline or fluctuate because of: (a) economic or political actions of foreign governments, and/or (b) less regulated or liquid securities markets. Investors holding these securities are also exposed to foreign currency risk (the possibility that foreign currency will fluctuate in value against the U.S. dollar). The VA Global Bond Portfolio hedges foreign currency risk.

Interest Rate Risk: Fixed income securities are subject to interest rate risk because the prices of fixed income securities tend to move in the opposite direction of interest rates. When interest rates rise, fixed income security prices fall. When interest rates fall, fixed income security prices rise. In general, fixed income securities with longer maturities are more sensitive to these price changes.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a security may be unable to make interest payments and/or repay principal when due. A downgrade to an issuer's credit rating or a perceived change in an issuer's financial strength may affect a security's value, and thus, impact the VA Global Bond Portfolio's performance.

Income Risk: Income Risk is the risk that falling interest rates will cause the Portfolio's income to decline.

Derivatives: Derivatives are securities, such as futures contracts, whose value is derived from that of other securities or indices. Derivatives can be used for hedging (attempting to reduce risk by offsetting one investment position with another) or non-hedging purposes. Hedging with derivatives may increase expenses, and there is no guarantee that a hedging strategy will work. While hedging can reduce or eliminate losses, it can also reduce or eliminate gains. The use of derivatives for non-hedging purposes may be considered more speculative than other types of investments. When the VA Global Bond Portfolio uses derivatives, the Portfolio will be directly exposed

to the risks of that derivative. Derivative securities are subject to a number of risks including liquidity, interest rate, market, credit and management risks, and the risk of improper valuation. Changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index, and the Portfolio could lose more than the principal amount invested.

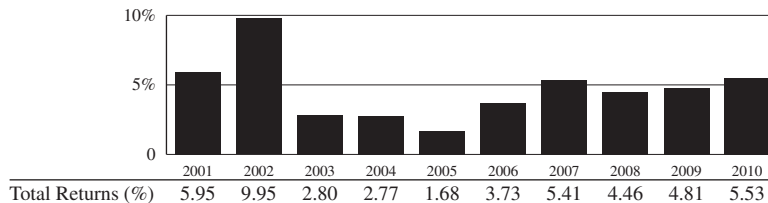
Securities Lending: Securities lending involves the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. As a result, the VA Global Bond Portfolio may lose money and there may be a delay in recovering the loaned securities. The Portfolio could also lose money if it does not recover the securities and/or the value of the collateral falls, including the value of investments made with cash collateral. Securities lending also may have certain potential adverse tax consequences.

PERFORMANCE

The bar chart and table immediately following illustrate the variability of the VA Global Bond Portfolio's returns and are meant to provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Portfolio. The bar chart shows the changes in the Portfolio's performance from year to year. The performance reflected in the bar chart for the Portfolio does not reflect any insurance company separate account charges, which if reflected would lower returns. The table illustrates how annualized one year, five year and ten year returns, both before and after taxes, compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. The Portfolio's past performance (before and after taxes) is not an indication of future results. Updated performance information for the Portfolio can be obtained by visiting www.dimensional.com.

The after-tax returns presented in the table for the VA Global Bond Portfolio are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown in the table. In addition, the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold shares of the Portfolio through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

VA Global Bond Portfolio



January 2001-December 2010

Highest Quarter
5.15 (7/02-9/02)

Lowest Quarter
-3.30 (4/04-6/04)

Annualized Returns (%)	Periods ending December 31, 2010		
	One Year	Five Years	Ten Years
VA Global Bond Portfolio			
Return Before Taxes	5.53%	4.79%	4.69%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	3.42%	3.66%	3.37%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Portfolio Shares	4.12%	3.49%	3.29%
Citigroup World Government Bond Index 1-5 Year Currency Hedged U.S. Dollar (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes on sales)	1.99%	4.24%	4.03%

INVESTMENT ADVISOR/PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

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- David A. Plecha, Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor, has been a portfolio manager since 1989.

PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF FUND SHARES

Shares of the VA Global Bond Portfolio are sold only to insurance company separate accounts or to other investment companies funded by insurance company separate accounts. Purchases and redemptions of shares of the Portfolio by a separate account will be effected at the net asset value per share. Contract owners do not deal directly with the Portfolio with respect to the acquisition or redemption of shares of the Portfolio. Please see the prospectus of the insurance company separate account for information regarding the purchase and redemption of shares of the Portfolio.

TAX INFORMATION

The dividends and distributions paid from the VA Global Bond Portfolio to the insurance company separate accounts generally will consist of ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both. Because shares of the Portfolio must be purchased through separate accounts, such distributions will be exempt from current taxation by contract holders if left to accumulate within the separate account.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES FOR THE PORTFOLIOS

The investment company described in this Prospectus offers a variety of investment portfolios. Each of the investment company's Portfolios has its own investment objective and policies, and is the equivalent of a separate mutual fund. The Portfolios described in this Prospectus are designed for long-term investors.

VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio and VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio

The investment objective of each of the Domestic Equity Portfolios is to achieve long-term capital appreciation. The VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio and VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio will invest in a broad and diverse group of readily marketable common stocks of U.S. companies which the Advisor determines to be value stocks at the time of purchase. Securities are considered value stocks primarily because a company's shares have a high book value in relation to their market value (a "book to market ratio"). In assessing value, the Advisor may consider additional factors, such as price to cash flow or price to earnings ratios, as well as economic conditions and developments in the issuer's industry. The criteria the Advisor uses for assessing value are subject to change from time to time.

The VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio and VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio will purchase securities that are listed on the U.S. national securities exchanges or traded on the over-the-counter market. Each of the VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio and VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio uses a market capitalization weighted approach. See "**Market Capitalization Weighted Approach—Domestic and International Equity Portfolios**" in this Prospectus.

The total market capitalization ranges, and the value criteria used by the Advisor for the VA U.S. Large Value and VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolios, as described above, generally apply at the time of purchase by the VA U.S. Large Value and VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolios. The VA U.S. Large Value and VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolios are not required to dispose of a security if the security's issuer is no longer within the total market capitalization range or does not meet current value criteria. Similarly, the Advisor is not required to sell a security even if the decline in the market capitalization reflects a serious financial difficulty or potential or actual insolvency of the company. Securities which do meet the market capitalization and/or value criteria nevertheless may be sold at any time when, in the Advisor's judgment, circumstances warrant their sale. See "**Portfolio Transactions—Domestic and International Equity Portfolios**" in this Prospectus.

The VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio may invest in exchange-traded funds (ETFs) and similarly structured pooled investments for the purpose of gaining exposure to the U.S. stock market while maintaining liquidity. In addition to money market instruments and other short-term investments, the Portfolios may each invest in affiliated and unaffiliated registered and unregistered money market funds to manage cash pending investment in other securities or to maintain liquidity for the payment of redemptions or other purposes. Investments in money market funds may involve a duplication of certain fees and expenses.

VA International Value Portfolio

The investment objective of the VA International Value Portfolio is to achieve long-term capital appreciation. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by purchasing the stocks of large non-U.S. companies which the Advisor determines to be value stocks at the time of the purchase. Securities are considered value stocks primarily because a company's shares have a high book value in relation to their market value (a "book to market ratio"). In assessing value, the Advisor may consider additional factors, such as price to cash flow or price to earnings ratios, as well as economic conditions and developments in the issuer's industry. The criteria the Advisor uses for assessing value are subject to change from time to time. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Portfolio may invest in the stocks of large companies associated with Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, the

Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom (collectively, the “Approved Markets”). The Advisor will determine, in its discretion, when and whether to invest in countries that have been authorized as Approved Markets, depending on a number of factors, such as asset growth in the Portfolio and the characteristics of each country’s markets. The Investment Committee of the Advisor may designate other countries as Approved Markets for investment in the future, in addition to the countries identified above, or the Investment Committee may remove one or more countries from the list of Approved Markets. In addition, the Portfolio may continue to hold investments in countries that are not currently designated as Approved Markets, but had been authorized for investment in the past, and may reinvest distributions received in connection with such existing investments in such previously Approved Markets. (For a description of the securities approved for investment, see “Approved Markets”).

Under normal market conditions, the VA International Value Portfolio intends to invest at least 40% of its assets in three or more non-U.S. countries by investing in securities of companies associated with such countries.

In the countries or regions authorized for investment, the Advisor first ranks eligible companies listed on selected exchanges based on the companies’ market capitalization. The Advisor then determines the universe of eligible stocks by defining the minimum market capitalization of a large company that may be purchased by the VA International Value Portfolio with respect to each country or region. As of December 31, 2010, for the Portfolio, the lowest minimum market capitalization of a large company in any country or region in which the Portfolio invests was \$1,438 million. This threshold will change due to market conditions. For example, as of December 31, 2010, the Advisor considered a large company in the European Monetary Union (EMU) to have a market capitalization of at least \$3,133 million, a large company in Australia to have a market capitalization of at least \$2,139 million, and a large company in Japan to have a market capitalization of at least \$1,438 million. These dollar amounts will change due to market conditions.

The VA International Value Portfolio intends to purchase securities within each applicable country using a market capitalization weighted approach. The Advisor, using this approach and its judgment, will seek to set country weights based on the relative market capitalizations of eligible large companies within each country. See “**Market Capitalization Weighted Approach—Domestic and International Equity Portfolios.**” As a result, the weightings of countries in the Portfolio may vary from their weighting in international indices, such as those published by FTSE International, Morgan Stanley Capital International or Citigroup. On at least a semi-annual basis, the Advisor will review total market capitalization to prepare lists of non-U.S. large companies whose stocks are eligible for investment by the VA International Value Portfolio.

The VA International Value Portfolio does not seek current income as an investment objective and investments will not be based upon an issuer’s dividend payment policy or record. However, many of the companies whose securities will be included in the Portfolio do pay dividends. It is anticipated, therefore, that the Portfolio will receive dividend income.

The VA International Value Portfolio may invest in exchange-traded funds (ETFs) and similarly structured pooled investments for the purpose of gaining exposure to the equity markets while maintaining liquidity. In addition to money market instruments and other short-term investments, the Portfolio may invest in affiliated and unaffiliated registered and unregistered money market funds to manage cash pending investment in other securities or to maintain liquidity for the payment of redemptions or other purposes. Investments in money market funds may involve a duplication of certain fees and expenses.

VA International Small Portfolio

The investment objective of the VA International Small Portfolio is to achieve long-term capital appreciation. It provides investors with access to securities portfolios consisting of small Japanese, United Kingdom, Continental, Asia Pacific and Canadian companies. It generally will invest its assets in a broad and diverse group of readily marketable securities of (1) Japanese small companies; (2) United Kingdom small

companies; (3) small companies organized under the laws of certain European countries; (4) small companies associated with Australia, New Zealand and Pacific Rim Asian countries; and (5) Canadian small companies (collectively, the “Approved Markets”). The VA International Small Portfolio also may have some exposure to small cap equity securities associated with other countries and regions. The Advisor will determine, in its discretion, when and whether to invest in countries that have been authorized as Approved Markets, depending on a number of factors, such as asset growth in the Portfolio and the characteristics of each country’s markets. The Investment Committee of the Advisor may designate other countries as Approved Markets for investment in the future, in addition to the Approved Markets identified above, or may remove one or more countries from the list of Approved Markets. In addition, the Portfolio may continue to hold investments in countries that are not currently designated as Approved Markets, but had been authorized for investment in the past, and may reinvest distributions received in connection with such existing investments in such previously Approved Markets. The Advisor will determine the allocation of assets among the five segments of VA International Small Portfolio and will periodically review and adjust such allocation, all in its sole discretion. (For a description of the securities approved for investment, see “**Approved Markets**”).

The VA International Small Portfolio intends to invest in the stock of eligible companies on a market capitalization weighted approach. See “**Market Capitalization Weighted Approach—Domestic and International Equity Portfolios.**” The decision to include or exclude the shares of an issuer will be made on the basis of such issuer’s relative market capitalization determined by reference to other companies located in the same country or region. Company size is measured in terms of local currencies in order to eliminate the effect of variations in currency exchange rates. On a periodic basis, the Advisor will review each Portfolio’s holdings and determine which, at the time of such review, are no longer considered Japanese, United Kingdom, Continental, Asia Pacific or Canadian small companies or otherwise in an eligible country.

The VA International Small Portfolio may invest in exchange-traded funds (ETFs) and similarly structured pooled investments for the purpose of gaining exposure to the equity markets while maintaining liquidity. In addition to money market instruments and other short-term investments, the Portfolio may invest in affiliated and unaffiliated registered and unregistered money market funds to manage cash pending investment in other securities or to maintain liquidity for the payment of redemptions or other purposes. Investments in money market funds may involve a duplication of certain fees and expenses.

Japanese Small Company Segment

The Portfolio is authorized to purchase readily marketable stocks of a broad and diverse group of Japanese small companies. The Advisor measures company size based primarily on market capitalization. With respect to this segment of the Portfolio, the Advisor first ranks eligible companies by market capitalization. The Advisor then determines the universe of eligible stocks by defining the maximum market capitalization of a small company in Japan. As of December 31, 2010, the Advisor considered Japanese small companies to be those companies with a market capitalization below \$1,438 million. This dollar amount will change due to market conditions.

United Kingdom Small Company Segment

The Portfolio is authorized to purchase readily marketable stocks of a broad and diverse group of United Kingdom small companies. The Advisor measures company size based primarily on market capitalization. With respect to this segment of the Portfolio, the Advisor first ranks eligible companies listed on selected exchanges in the United Kingdom. The Advisor then determines the universe of eligible stocks by defining the maximum market capitalization of a small company in the United Kingdom. As of December 31, 2010, the Advisor considered United Kingdom small companies to be those companies with a market capitalization below \$3,669 million. This dollar amount will change due to market conditions.

Continental Small Company Segment

The Portfolio is authorized to purchase readily marketable stocks of a broad and diverse group of small companies organized under the laws of certain European countries. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Portfolio may invest in small companies associated with Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Israel, Italy, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden and Switzerland. With respect to this segment of the Portfolio, the Advisor determines company size on a country or region specific basis and based primarily on market capitalization. In the countries or regions authorized for investment, the Advisor first ranks eligible companies listed on selected exchanges based on the companies' market capitalization. The Advisor then determines the universe of eligible stocks by defining the maximum market capitalization of a small company that may be purchased with respect to each country or region. This threshold will vary by country or region. For example, as of December 31, 2010, the Advisor considered a small company in the EMU to have a market capitalization below \$3,133 million, a small company in Denmark to have a market capitalization below \$2,568 million, and a small company in Sweden to have a market capitalization below \$2,971 million. These dollar amounts will change due to market conditions.

Asia Pacific Small Company Segment

The Portfolio is authorized to purchase stocks of small companies associated with Australia, New Zealand and Pacific Rim Asian countries. With respect to this segment of the Portfolio, the Advisor measures company size on a country specific basis and based primarily on market capitalization. In the countries authorized for investment, the Advisor first ranks eligible companies based on the companies' market capitalization. The Advisor then determines the universe of eligible stocks by defining the maximum market capitalization of a small company that may be purchased by the Portfolio with respect to each country authorized for investment. This threshold will vary by country. As of December 31, 2010, for the Portfolio, the highest maximum market capitalization of a small company in any county in which the Portfolio, invests was \$2,139 million. As of December 31, 2010, the Advisor considered Asia Pacific small companies to be those companies with a market capitalization below \$2,139 million in Australia, \$1,612 million in Hong Kong, \$1,799 million in New Zealand and \$1,505 million in Singapore. These dollar amounts will change due to market conditions. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Portfolio is authorized to invest in Asia Pacific small companies associated with Australia, Hong Kong, New Zealand and Singapore. In the future, the Advisor may add small companies associated with other Asian countries as securities markets in these countries become accessible.

Canadian Small Company Segment

The Portfolio is authorized to purchase readily marketable stocks of a broad and diverse group of Canadian small companies. The Advisor measures company size based primarily on market capitalization. The Advisor first ranks eligible companies by market capitalization. The Advisor then determines the universe of eligible stocks by defining the maximum market capitalization of a small company in Canada. As of December 31, 2010, the Advisor considered Canadian small companies to be those companies with a market capitalization below \$2,759 million. This dollar amount will change due to market conditions.

Approved Markets

The VA International Value Portfolio and VA International Small Portfolio (each an "International Equity Portfolio" and collectively, the "International Equity Portfolios") each invests in securities of Approved Markets as identified above for each International Equity Portfolio. The Approved Markets securities invested in by each International Equity Portfolio will be listed on bona fide securities exchanges or traded on the over-the-counter markets. These exchanges or over-the-counter markets may be either within or outside the issuer's domicile country. For example, the securities may be listed or traded in the form of European Depositary Receipts, Global Depositary Receipts, American Depositary Receipts, or other types of depositary receipts (including non-voting depositary receipts) or may be listed on bona fide securities exchanges in more than one country. Approved Market securities are defined as securities that are associated with an Approved Market, and include, among

others: (a) securities of companies that are organized under the laws of, or maintain their principal place of business in, an Approved Market; (b) securities for which the principal trading market is in an Approved Market; (c) securities issued or guaranteed by the government of an Approved Market country, its agencies or instrumentalities, or the central bank of such country; (d) securities denominated in an Approved Market currency issued by companies to finance operations in Approved Markets; (e) securities of companies that derive at least 50% of their revenues or profits from goods produced or sold, investments made, or services performed in Approved Markets or have at least 50% of their assets in Approved Markets; (f) Approved Markets equity securities in the form of depositary shares; (g) securities of pooled investment vehicles that invest primarily in Approved Markets securities or derivative instruments that derive their value from Approved Markets securities; or (h) securities included in the International Equity Portfolio's benchmark index. Securities of Approved Markets may include securities of companies that have characteristics and business relationships common to companies in other countries. As a result, the value of the securities of such companies may reflect economic and market forces in such other countries as well as in the Approved Markets. The Advisor, however, will select only those companies that, in its view, have sufficiently strong exposure to economic and market forces in Approved Markets. For example, the Advisor may invest in companies organized and located in the United States or other countries outside of Approved Markets, including companies having their entire production facilities outside of Approved Markets, when such companies meet the criteria discussed above to be considered associated with Approved Markets.

Portfolio Transactions—Domestic and International Equity Portfolios

The Domestic and International Equity Portfolios do not intend to purchase or sell securities based on the prospects for the economy, the securities markets or the individual issuers whose shares are eligible for purchase. Generally, securities will be purchased with the expectation that they will be held for longer than one year.

The VA U.S. Large Value and VA International Value Portfolios may sell portfolio securities when the issuer's market capitalization falls substantially below that of the issuer with the minimum market capitalization which is then eligible for purchase by the Portfolio. The VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio may sell portfolio securities when the issuer's market capitalization increases to a level that exceeds that of the issuer with the largest market capitalization which is then eligible for investment by the Portfolio. However, securities, including those eligible for purchase, may be sold at any time when, in the Advisor's judgment, circumstances warrant their sale.

In addition, the VA U.S. Large Value and VA International Value Portfolios may sell portfolio securities when their book to market ratio falls substantially below that of the security with the lowest such ratio that is then eligible for purchase by the Portfolio. The VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio may also sell portfolio securities in the same circumstances; however, that Portfolio may retain securities of issuers with relatively smaller market capitalizations for longer periods, despite a decrease in the issuer's book to market ratio. The VA International Small Portfolio will not sell securities which have depreciated in value solely because prospects for the issuer are not considered attractive or due to an expected or realized decline in securities prices in general.

Market Capitalization Weighted Approach—Domestic and International Equity Portfolios

The portfolio structures of the Domestic and International Equity Portfolios involve market capitalization weighting in determining individual security weights and, where applicable, country or region weights. Market capitalization weighting means each security is generally purchased based on the issuer's relative market capitalization. Market capitalization weighting will be modified by the Advisor for a variety of factors. The Advisor may consider such factors as free float, momentum, trading strategies, liquidity management and other factors determined to be appropriate by the Advisor given market conditions. The Advisor may deviate from market capitalization weighting to limit or fix the exposure of a Portfolio to a particular issuer to a maximum proportion of the assets of the Portfolio. The Advisor may exclude the stock of a company that meets applicable market capitalization criterion if the Advisor determines, in its judgment, that the purchase of such stock is inappropriate in light of other conditions. These adjustments will result in a deviation from traditional market capitalization weighting.

Adjustment for free float modifies market capitalization weighting to exclude the share capital of a company that is not freely available for trading in the public equity markets. For example, the following types of shares may be excluded: (i) those held by strategic investors (such as governments, controlling shareholders and management), (ii) treasury shares, or (iii) shares subject to foreign ownership restrictions.

Deviation from market capitalization weighting also will occur because the Advisor generally intends to purchase in round lots. Furthermore, the Advisor may reduce the relative amount of any security held in order to retain sufficient portfolio liquidity. A portion, but generally not in excess of 20% of assets, may be invested in interest bearing obligations, such as money market instruments, thereby causing further deviation from market capitalization weighting. A further deviation may occur due to holdings of privately placed convertible debentures and securities received in connection with corporate actions.

Block purchases of eligible securities may be made at opportune prices, even though such purchases exceed the number of shares that, at the time of purchase, adherence to a market capitalization weighted approach would otherwise require. In addition, securities eligible for purchase or otherwise represented in a Portfolio may be acquired in exchange for the issuance of shares. While such transactions might cause a deviation from market capitalization weighting, they would ordinarily be made in anticipation of further growth of assets.

Changes in the composition and relative ranking (in terms of market capitalization) of the stocks that are eligible for purchase take place with every trade when the securities markets are open for trading due, primarily, to price fluctuations of such securities. On at least a semi-annual basis, the Advisor will identify companies whose stock is eligible for investment by a Portfolio. Additional investments generally will not be made in securities that have changed in value sufficiently to be excluded from the Advisor's then current market capitalization requirement for eligible portfolio securities. This may result in further deviation from market capitalization weighting. Such deviation could be substantial if a significant amount of holdings of a Portfolio change in value sufficiently to be excluded from the requirement for eligible securities, but not by a sufficient amount to warrant their sale.

Country weights may be based on the total market capitalization of companies within each country. The calculation of country market capitalization may take into consideration the free float of companies within a country or whether these companies are eligible to be purchased for the particular strategy. In addition, to maintain a satisfactory level of diversification, the Investment Committee may limit or fix the exposure to a particular country or region to a maximum proportion of the assets of that vehicle. Country weights may also deviate from target weights due to general day-to-day trading patterns and price movements. As a result, the weighting of certain countries may vary from their weighting in published international indices.

Description of Investments—Fixed Income Portfolios

The following is a description of the categories of investments which may be acquired by the Fixed Income Portfolios. VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio may invest in all of the securities and obligations listed in categories 1-8, 10 and 11, and VA Global Bond Portfolio may invest in the securities and obligations listed in categories 1-11.

1. *U.S. Government Obligations*—Debt securities issued by the U.S. Treasury which are direct obligations of the U.S. government, including bills, notes and bonds.

2. *U.S. Government Agency Obligations*—Issued or guaranteed by U.S. government-sponsored instrumentalities and federal agencies, which have different levels of credit support. The U.S. government agency obligations include, but are not limited to, securities issued by agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. government that are supported by the full faith and credit of the United States, such as the Federal Housing Administration and Ginnie Mae, including Ginnie Mae pass-through certificates. Other securities issued by agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. government may be supported only by the issuer's right to borrow from the U.S. Treasury, subject to certain limits, such as securities issued by Federal Home Loan Banks, or are supported only by the credit of such agencies, such as Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae.

3. *Corporate Debt Obligations*—Non-convertible corporate debt securities (e.g., bonds and debentures) which are issued by companies whose commercial paper is rated Prime-1 by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. (“Moody’s”) or A-1 or better by Standard & Poor’s Rating Group, a Division of The McGraw-Hill Companies (“S&P”) or F1 better by Fitch Ratings Ltd. (“Fitch”) and dollar-denominated obligations of foreign issuers issued in the U.S. If the issuer’s commercial paper is unrated, then the debt security would have to be rated at least AA by S&P or Aa2 by Moody’s or AA by Fitch. If there is neither a commercial paper rating nor a rating of the debt security, then the Advisor must determine that the debt security is of comparable quality to equivalent issues of the same issuer rated at least AA or Aa2.

4. *Bank Obligations*—Obligations of U.S. banks and savings and loan associations and dollar-denominated obligations of U.S. subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks, such as certificates of deposit (including marketable variable rate certificates of deposit), time deposits and bankers’ acceptances. Bank certificates of deposit will only be acquired from banks with assets in excess of \$1,000,000,000.

5. *Commercial Paper*—Rated, at the time of purchase, A-1 or better by S&P or Prime-1 by Moody’s or F1 or better by Fitch, or, if unrated, issued by a corporation having an outstanding unsecured debt issue rated Aaa by Moody’s or AAA by S&P or AAA by Fitch.

6. *Repurchase Agreements*—Instruments through which the Portfolios purchase securities (“underlying securities”) from a bank or a registered U.S. government securities dealer, with an agreement by the seller to repurchase the securities at an agreed price, plus interest at a specified rate. The underlying securities will be limited to U.S. government and agency obligations described in (1) and (2) above. The Portfolios will not enter into a repurchase agreement with a duration of more than seven days if, as a result, more than 10% of the value of the Portfolio’s total assets would be so invested. In addition, a repurchase agreement with a duration of more than seven days will be subject to a Portfolio’s illiquid securities policy. The Portfolios also will only invest in repurchase agreements with a bank if the bank has at least \$1,000,000,000 in assets and is approved by the Investment Committee of the Advisor. The Advisor will monitor the market value of the securities plus any accrued interest thereon so that they will at least equal the repurchase price.

7. *Foreign Government and Agency Obligations*—Bills, notes, bonds and other debt securities issued or guaranteed by foreign governments, or their agencies and instrumentalities.

8. *Supranational Organization Obligations*—Debt securities of supranational organizations such as the European Coal and Steel Community, the European Economic Community and the World Bank, which are chartered to promote economic development.

9. *Foreign Issuer Obligations*—Debt securities of non-U.S. issuers rated AA or better by S&P or Aa2 or better by Moody’s or AA or better by Fitch.

10. *Eurodollar Obligations*—Debt securities of domestic or foreign issuers denominated in U.S. dollars but not trading in the United States.

11. *Money Market Funds*—The Portfolios may invest in affiliated and unaffiliated unregistered money market funds. Investments in money market funds may involve a duplication of certain fees and expenses.

Investors should be aware that the net asset values of the Fixed Income Portfolios may change as general levels of interest rates fluctuate. When interest rates increase, the value of a portfolio of fixed-income securities can be expected to decline. Conversely, when interest rates decline, the value of a portfolio of fixed-income securities can be expected to increase.

The categories of investments that may be acquired by the Fixed Income Portfolios may include both fixed and floating rate securities. Floating rate securities bear interest at rates that vary with prevailing market rates. Interest rate adjustments are made periodically (e.g., every six months), usually based on a money market index such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) or the Treasury bill rate.

Investments in the Banking Industry—VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio

VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio will invest more than 25% of its total assets in obligations of U.S. and/or foreign banks and bank holding companies (“banking industry securities”) when the yield to maturity on eligible portfolio investments in banking industry securities as a group generally exceeds the yield to maturity on all other eligible portfolio investments as a group generally for a period of five consecutive days when the NYSE is open for trading. For purposes of this policy, the Advisor considers eligible portfolio investments to be those securities that are on the Advisor’s then current buy list that are available for purchase. This policy can only be changed by a vote of shareholders of the Portfolio. Banks and bank holding companies are considered to constitute a single industry, the banking industry. When investment in such obligations exceeds 25% of the total net assets of the Portfolio, the Portfolio will be considered to be concentrating its investments in the banking industry. Once the Portfolio concentrates its investments in the banking industry, the Portfolio may remain concentrated in the banking industry until the purchase of new investments in the normal course of executing the Portfolio’s investment strategy result in less than 25% of the Portfolio’s total assets consisting of banking industry securities.

The types of bank and bank holding company obligations in which VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio may invest include: dollar-denominated certificates of deposit, bankers’ acceptances, commercial paper and other debt obligations issued in the United States and which mature within two years of the date of settlement, provided such obligations meet the Portfolio’s established credit rating criteria as stated under “**Description of Investments—Fixed Income Portfolios.**” In addition, the Portfolio is authorized to invest more than 25% of its total assets in U.S. Treasury bonds, bills and notes and obligations of federal agencies and instrumentalities.

Portfolio Strategy—Fixed Income Portfolios

VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio will be managed with a view to capturing credit risk premiums and term or maturity premiums. The term “credit risk premium” means the anticipated incremental return on investment for holding obligations considered to have greater credit risk than direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, and “maturity risk premium” means the anticipated incremental return on investment for holding securities having maturities of longer than one month compared to securities having a maturity of one month. The Advisor believes that credit risk premiums are available largely through investment in commercial paper, certificates of deposit and corporate obligations. The holding period for assets of the Portfolio will be chosen with a view to maximizing anticipated returns, net of trading costs.

VA Global Bond Portfolio will be managed with a view to capturing credit risk premiums and maturity risk premiums. Ordinarily, the Portfolio will invest primarily in obligations issued or guaranteed by foreign governments and their agencies and instrumentalities, obligations of other foreign issuers rated AA or better and supranational organizations. The Portfolio will own obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government and its agencies and instrumentalities also. At times when, in the Advisor’s judgment, eligible foreign securities do not offer maturity risk premiums that compare favorably with those offered by eligible U.S. securities, the Portfolio will be invested primarily in the latter securities.

VA Global Bond Portfolio will not invest more than 25% of its total assets in securities issued by issuers in a single industry, or by any one foreign government or in obligations of supranational organizations. VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio and the VA Global Bond Portfolio are expected to have a high portfolio turnover rate due to the relatively short maturities of the securities to be acquired. The rate of portfolio turnover will depend upon market and other conditions; it will not be a limiting factor when management believes that portfolio changes are appropriate. While the Fixed Income Portfolios acquire securities in principal transactions and, therefore, do not pay brokerage commissions, the spread between the bid and asked prices of a security may be considered to be a “cost” of trading. Such costs ordinarily increase with trading activity. However, as stated above, securities ordinarily will be sold when, in the Advisor’s judgment, the monthly return of a Portfolio will be increased as a result of portfolio transactions after taking into account the cost of trading. It is anticipated that short-term instruments will be acquired in the primary and secondary markets.

Other Information

Commodity Pool Operator Exemption:

The Portfolios are operated by a person that has claimed an exclusion from the definition of the term “commodity pool operator” under the Commodity Exchange Act (“CEA”), and, therefore, such person is not subject to registration or regulation as a pool operator under the CEA.

SECURITIES LOANS

All of the Portfolios are authorized to lend securities to qualified brokers, dealers, banks and other financial institutions for the purpose of earning additional income. While a Portfolio may earn additional income from lending securities, such activity is incidental to the investment objective of a Portfolio. For information concerning the revenue from securities lending, see “**SECURITIES LENDING REVENUE.**” The value of securities loaned may not exceed 33⅓% of the value of a Portfolio’s total assets, which includes the value of collateral received. To the extent a Portfolio loans a portion of its securities, a Portfolio will receive collateral consisting generally of cash or securities of the U.S. government or its agencies, which will be maintained by marking to market daily in an amount equal to at least (i) 100% of the current market value of the loaned securities with respect to securities of the U.S. government or its agencies, (ii) 102% of the current market value of the loaned securities with respect to U.S. securities, and (iii) 105% of the current market value of the loaned securities with respect to foreign securities. Subject to their stated investment policies, the Portfolios will generally invest the cash collateral received for the loaned securities in The DFA Short Term Investment Fund (the “Money Market Series”), an affiliated registered money market fund advised by the Advisor for which the Advisor receives a management fee of 0.05% of the average daily net assets of the Money Market Series. For purposes of this paragraph, agencies include both agency debentures and agency mortgage backed securities.

In addition, the Portfolios will be able to terminate the loan at any time, will receive reasonable compensation on the loan, as well as amounts equal to any dividends, interest or other distributions on the loaned securities. However, dividend income received from loaned securities may not be eligible to be taxed at qualified dividend income rates. See the Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”) for a further discussion of the tax consequences related to securities lending. A Portfolio will be entitled to recall a loaned security in time to vote proxies or otherwise obtain rights to vote proxies of loaned securities if the Portfolio knows a material event will occur. In the event of the bankruptcy of the borrower, DFA Investment Dimensions Group Inc. (“the Fund”) could experience delay in recovering the loaned securities or only recover cash or a security of equivalent value. See “**PRINCIPAL RISKS—Securities Lending**” for a discussion of the risks related to securities lending.

SECURITIES LENDING REVENUE

For the fiscal year ended October 31, 2010, the Domestic Equity Portfolios and the International Equity Portfolios received the following net revenues from a securities lending program, which constituted a percentage of the average daily net assets of each Portfolio (see “**SECURITIES LOANS**”):

<u>Portfolio</u>	<u>Net Revenue</u>	<u>Percentage of Net Assets</u>
VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio	\$ 69,000	0.06%
VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio	\$116,000	0.14%
VA International Value Portfolio	\$104,000	0.12%
VA International Small Portfolio	\$143,000	0.22%
VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio	\$ 5,000	0.01%
VA Global Bond Portfolio	\$ 14,000	0.01%

MANAGEMENT OF THE PORTFOLIOS

The Advisor serves as investment advisor to each of the Portfolios. Pursuant to an Investment Advisory Agreement with the Fund on behalf of each Portfolio, the Advisor is responsible for the management of each of the Portfolio's assets. Each Portfolio is managed using a team approach. The investment team includes the Investment Committee of the Advisor, portfolio managers and trading personnel.

The Investment Committee is composed primarily of certain officers and directors of the Advisor who are appointed annually. As of the date of this Prospectus, the Investment Committee has ten members. Investment strategies for all Portfolios are set by the Investment Committee, which meets on a regular basis and also as needed to consider investment issues. The Investment Committee also sets and reviews all investment related policies and procedures and approves any changes in regards to approved countries, security types and brokers.

In accordance with the team approach used to manage the Portfolios, the portfolio managers and portfolio traders implement the policies and procedures established by the Investment Committee. The portfolio managers and portfolio traders also make daily investment decisions regarding the Portfolios including running buy and sell programs based on the parameters established by the Investment Committee. The portfolio managers named below coordinate the efforts of all other portfolio managers with respect to the day-to-day management of the Portfolios indicated.

Domestic Equity Portfolios	Stephen A. Clark
International Equity Portfolios	Stephen A. Clark, Karen E. Umland, Joseph H. Chi and Jed S. Fogdall
Fixed Income Portfolios	Stephen A. Clark and David A. Plecha

Mr. Clark is a Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor and chairman of the Investment Committee. Mr. Clark received his MBA from the University of Chicago and his BS from Bradely University. Mr. Clark joined the Advisor as a portfolio manager in 2001 and has been responsible for the portfolio management group since January 2006.

Ms. Umland is a Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor and a member of the Investment Committee. She received her BA from Yale University in 1988 and her MBA from the University of California at Los Angeles in 1993. Ms. Umland joined the Advisor in 1993 and has been a portfolio manager and responsible for the international equity portfolios since 1998.

Mr. Chi is a Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor and a member of the Investment Committee. Mr. Chi has an MBA and BS from the University of California, Los Angeles and also a JD from the University of Southern California. Mr. Chi joined the Advisor as a portfolio manager in 2005 and has been responsible for the international equity portfolios since 2010.

Mr. Fogdall is a Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor and a member of the Investment Committee. Mr. Fogdall has an MBA from the University of California, Los Angeles and a BS from Purdue University. Mr. Fogdall joined the Advisor as a portfolio manager in 2004 and has been responsible for the international equity portfolios since 2010.

Mr. Plecha is a Senior Portfolio Manager and Vice President of the Advisor and a member of the Investment Committee. Mr. Plecha received his BS from the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor in 1983 and his MBA from the University of California at Los Angeles in 1987. Mr. Plecha has been a portfolio manager since 1989 and responsible for the fixed income portfolios since the end of 1991.

The Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") provides information about each portfolio manager's compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio manager, and the portfolio manager's ownership of each Portfolio's shares.

The Advisor provides the Portfolios with a trading department and selects brokers and dealers to effect securities transactions. Securities transactions are placed with a view to obtaining best price and execution. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board of Directors approving the investment management agreement with respect to the Portfolios is available in the semi-annual report for the Portfolios for the fiscal period ending April 30, 2010. The Advisor has been engaged in the business of providing investment management services since May 1981. The Advisor is currently organized as a Delaware limited partnership and is controlled and operated by its general partner, Delaware Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation. As of January 31, 2011, assets under management for all Dimensional affiliated advisors totaled approximately \$209 billion.

The Fund bears all of its own costs and expenses, including: services of its independent registered public accounting firm, legal counsel, brokerage fees, commissions and transfer taxes in connection with the acquisition and disposition of portfolio securities, taxes, insurance premiums, costs incidental to meetings of its shareholders and directors, the cost of filing its registration statements under federal and state securities laws, reports to shareholders, and transfer and dividend disbursing agency, administrative services and custodian fees. Expenses allocable to a particular Portfolio are so allocated. Expenses which are not allocable to a particular Portfolio are borne by each Portfolio on the basis of its relative net assets.

Management Fees

The “**Annual Fund Operating Expenses**” table describes the fees incurred by a Portfolio for the services provided by the Advisor for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2010. The “Management Fee” listed in the table for the Portfolios provides the investment advisory fee that was payable by the respective Portfolio to the Advisor. The VA Global Bond Portfolio’s investment advisory fees are based on an effective annual rate of 0.25% of the first \$100 million of average daily net assets and 0.20% of average daily net assets exceeding \$100 million.

Sub-Advisors

The Advisor has entered into Sub-Advisory Agreements with Dimensional Fund Advisors Ltd. (“DFAL”) and DFA Australia Limited (“DFA Australia”), respectively, with respect to the International Equity Portfolios. Pursuant to the terms of each Sub-Advisory Agreement, DFAL and DFA Australia each have the authority and responsibility to select brokers or dealers to execute securities transactions for the International Equity Portfolios. Each Sub-Advisor’s duties include the maintenance of a trading desk and the determination of the best and most efficient means of executing securities transactions. On at least a semi-annual basis, the Advisor will review the holdings of each International Equity Portfolio and review the trading process and the execution of securities transactions. The Advisor is responsible for determining those securities which are eligible for purchase and sale by an International Equity Portfolio and may delegate this task, subject to its own review, to DFAL and DFA Australia. DFAL and DFA Australia maintain and furnish to the Advisor information and reports on companies in certain markets, including recommendations of securities to be added to the securities that are eligible for purchase by each International Equity Portfolio, as well as making recommendations and elections on corporate actions. The Advisor controls DFAL and DFA Australia. DFA Australia is a U.S. federally registered investment advisor located at Level 43 Gateway, 1 Macquarie Place, Sydney, New South Wales 2000, Australia. DFAL is a U.S. federally registered investment advisor located at 20 Triton Street, Regent’s Place, London NW13BF, United Kingdom. DFAL is a member of the Financial Services Authority (“FSA”), a self-regulatory organization for investment managers operating under the laws of England.

DIVIDENDS, CAPITAL GAINS DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES

Dividends and Distributions. Each Portfolio intends to qualify each year as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”). As a regulated investment company, a Portfolio generally pays no federal income tax on the income and gains it distributes to shareholders. Dividends from net investment income of a Portfolio are distributed annually and any net realized capital gains

(after any reductions for available capital loss carryforwards) are distributed annually, typically in December. A Portfolio may distribute such income dividends and capital gains more frequently, if necessary, in order to reduce or eliminate federal excise or income taxes on the Portfolio.

Capital gains distributions may vary considerably from year to year as a result of a Portfolio's normal investment activities and cash flows. During a time of economic downturn, a Portfolio may experience capital losses and unrealized depreciation in value of investments, the effect of which may be to reduce or eliminate capital gains distributions for a period of time. Even though a Portfolio may experience a current year loss, it may nonetheless distribute prior year capital gains.

Shareholders of a Portfolio will automatically receive all income dividends and capital gains distributions in additional shares of the Portfolio whose shares they hold at net asset value (as of the business date following the dividend record date).

Tax Considerations. Shares of a Portfolio must be purchased through insurance company separate accounts used to fund variable life and variable annuity insurance contracts. As a result, it is anticipated that any dividend or capital gains distributions from a Portfolio will be exempt from current taxation by contract holders if left to accumulate within a variable insurance contract. Withdrawals from such contracts may be subject to ordinary income tax plus a 10% penalty tax if made before age 59½.

The tax status of your investment in a Portfolio depends upon the features of your variable life or variable annuity insurance contract. For further information, please refer to the prospectus of the insurance company separate account.

PURCHASE AND REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Shares of the Portfolios are sold only to insurance company separate accounts or to other investment companies funded by insurance company separate accounts. Purchases and redemptions of shares of each Portfolio by a separate account will be effected at the net asset value per share. (See **“VALUATION OF SHARES.”**) Contract owners do not deal directly with the Fund with respect to the acquisition or redemption of shares of the Portfolios. Please see the prospectus of the insurance company separate account for information regarding the purchase and redemption of shares of the Portfolios. When in the best interests of a Portfolio, the Portfolio may make a redemption payment, in whole or in part, by a distribution of portfolio securities in lieu of cash in accordance with Rule 18f-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “1940 Act”). Investors may incur brokerage charges and other transaction costs selling securities that were received in payment of redemptions. The International Equity Portfolios and the VA Global Bond Portfolio reserve the right to redeem their shares in the currencies in which their investments are denominated. Investors may incur charges in converting such securities to dollars and the value of the securities may be affected by currency exchange fluctuations.

Redemption of Small Accounts

With respect to each Portfolio, the Fund reserves the right to redeem a shareholder's account if the value of the shares in the Portfolio is \$500 or less because of redemption by the shareholder. Before the Fund involuntarily redeems shares from such an account and sends the proceeds to the shareholder, the Fund will give written notice of the redemption to the shareholder at least sixty days before the redemption date. The shareholder will then have sixty days from the date of the notice to make an additional investment in the Fund in order to bring the value of the shares in the account for the Portfolio to more than \$500 and avoid such involuntary redemption. The redemption price to be paid to a shareholder for shares redeemed by the Fund under this right will be the aggregate net asset value of the shares in the account at the close of business on the redemption date. The right to redeem small accounts applies to accounts established with the Fund's transfer agent.

POLICY REGARDING EXCESSIVE OR SHORT-TERM TRADING

The Portfolios are designed for long-term investors and are not intended for investors that engage in excessive short-term trading activity that may be harmful to the Portfolios, including but not limited to market timing. Short-term or excessive trading into and out of the Portfolios can disrupt portfolio management strategies, harm performance and increase Portfolio expenses for all shareholders, including long-term shareholders who do not generate these costs.

In addition, certain Portfolios may be more susceptible to the risks of short-term trading than other Portfolios. The nature of the International Equity Portfolios' holdings may present opportunities for a shareholder to engage in a short-term trading strategy that exploits possible delays between changes in the price of an International Equity Portfolio's holdings and the reflection of those changes in the Portfolio's net asset value (called "arbitrage market timing"). Such delays may occur because the International Equity Portfolios have significant investments in foreign securities where, due to time zone differences, the values of those securities are established some time before these Portfolios calculate their net asset values. In such circumstances, the available market prices for such foreign securities may not accurately reflect the latest indications of value at the time the International Equity Portfolios calculate their net asset value. The VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio also may be subject to arbitrage market timing because the Portfolio has significant holdings in small cap securities, which may have prices that do not accurately reflect the latest indications of value of these securities at the time the Portfolio calculates its net asset value due to, among other reasons, infrequent trading or illiquidity. There is a possibility that arbitrage market timing may dilute the value of a Portfolio's shares if redeeming shareholders receive proceeds (and purchasing shareholders receive shares) based upon a net asset value that does not reflect appropriate fair value prices.

The Board of Directors of the Fund (the "Board") has adopted a policy (the "Trading Policy") and the Advisor and DFA Securities LLC (collectively, "Dimensional") and Dimensional's agents have implemented the following procedures, which are designed to discourage and prevent market timing or excessive short-term trading in the Fund: (i) trade activity monitoring and purchase blocking procedures; and (ii) use of fair value pricing.

The Fund, Dimensional and their agents monitor trades and flows of money in and out of the Portfolios from time to time in an effort to detect excessive short-term trading activities, and for consistent enforcement of the Trading Policy. The Fund reserves the right to take the actions necessary to stop excessive or disruptive trading activities, including refusing or canceling purchase or exchange orders for any reason, without prior notice, particularly purchase or exchange orders that the Fund believes are made on behalf of market timers. The Fund, Dimensional and their agents reserve the right to restrict, refuse or cancel any purchase or exchange request made by an investor indefinitely if the Fund or Dimensional believe that any combination of trading activity in the accounts is potentially disruptive to a Portfolio. In making such judgments, the Fund and Dimensional seek to act in a manner that is consistent with the interests of shareholders. For purposes of applying these procedures, Dimensional may consider an investor's trading history in the Portfolios, and accounts under common ownership, influence or control.

In addition to the Fund's general ability to restrict potentially disruptive trading activity as described above, the Fund also has adopted purchase blocking procedures. Under the Fund's purchase blocking procedures, where an investor has engaged in any two purchases and two redemptions (including redemptions that are part of an exchange transaction) in a Portfolio in any rolling 30 calendar day monitoring period (i.e., two "round trips"), the Fund and Dimensional intend to block the investor from making any additional purchases in that Portfolio for 90 calendar days (a "purchase block"). If implemented, a purchase block will begin at some point after the transaction that caused the investor to have engaged in the prohibited two round-trips is detected by the Fund, Dimensional, or their agents. The Fund and Dimensional are permitted to implement a longer purchase block, or permanently bar future purchases by an investor, if they determine that it is appropriate.

Under the Fund's purchase blocking procedures, the following purchases and redemptions will not trigger a purchase block: (i) purchases and redemptions of shares having a value in each transaction of less than \$5,000; (ii) purchases and redemptions by U.S. registered investment companies that operate as fund of funds and non-U.S. investment companies that operate as fund of funds that the Funds or Dimensional, in their sole discretion, have determined are not designed and/or are not serving as vehicles for excessive short-term or other disruptive trading (in each case, the fund of funds shall agree to be subject to monitoring by Dimensional); (iii) purchases and redemptions by a feeder portfolio of a master fund's shares; (iv) systematic or automated transactions where the shareholder, financial advisor or investment fiduciary does not exercise direct control over the investment decision; (v) retirement plan contributions, loans, loan repayments and distributions (including hardship withdrawals) identified as such in the retirement plan recordkeeper's system; (vi) purchase transactions involving transfers of assets, rollovers, Roth IRA conversions and IRA recharacterizations; (vii) purchases of shares with Portfolio dividends or capital gain distributions; (viii) transfers and reregistrations of shares within the same Portfolio; and (ix) transactions by 529 Plans. Notwithstanding the Fund's purchase blocking procedures, all transactions in Portfolio shares are subject to the right of the Fund and Dimensional to restrict potentially disruptive trading activity (including purchases and redemptions described above that will not be subject to the purchase blocking procedures).

In addition, the purchase blocking procedures will not apply to a redemption transaction in which a Portfolio distributes portfolio securities to a shareholder in-kind, where the redemption will not disrupt the efficient portfolio management of the Portfolio and the redemption is consistent with the interests of the remaining shareholders of the Portfolio.

The Fund, Dimensional or their designees have the ability, pursuant to Rule 22c-2 under the 1940 Act, to request information from financial intermediaries, such as 401(k) plan administrators, trust companies and broker dealers (together, "Intermediaries"), concerning trades placed in omnibus and other multi-investor accounts (together, "Omnibus Accounts"), in order to attempt to monitor trades that are placed by the underlying shareholders of these Omnibus Accounts. The Fund, Dimensional and their designees will use the information obtained from the Intermediaries to monitor trading in the Fund and to attempt to identify shareholders in Omnibus Accounts engaged in trading that is inconsistent with the Trading Policy or otherwise not in the best interests of the Fund. The Fund, Dimensional or their designees, when they detect trading patterns in shares of the Fund that may constitute short-term or excessive trading, will provide written instructions to the Intermediary to restrict or prohibit further purchases or exchanges of shares of the Portfolios by a shareholder that has been identified as having engaged in excessive or short-term transactions in the Portfolio's shares (directly or indirectly through the Intermediary's account) that violate the Trading Policy.

The ability of the Fund and Dimensional to impose these limitations, including the purchase blocking procedures, on investors investing through Intermediaries is dependent on the receipt of information necessary to identify transactions by the underlying investors and the Intermediary's cooperation in implementing the Trading Policy. Investors seeking to engage in excessive short-term trading practices may deploy a variety of strategies to avoid detection, and despite the efforts of the Fund and Dimensional to prevent excessive short-term trading, there is no assurance that the Fund, Dimensional or their agents will be able to identify those shareholders or curtail their trading practices. The ability of the Fund, Dimensional and their agents to detect and limit excessive short-term trading also may be restricted by operational systems and technological limitations.

The purchase blocking procedures of the Trading Policy may not apply to redemptions by shareholders whose shares are held on the books of Intermediaries if the Intermediaries have not adopted procedures to implement this Policy. The Fund and Dimensional will work with Intermediaries to develop such policies to institute the purchase blocking procedures or other procedures that the Fund and Dimensional determine are reasonably designed to achieve the objective of this Trading Policy. At the time the Intermediaries adopt these procedures, shareholders whose accounts are on the books of such Intermediaries will be subject to the Trading Policy's purchase blocking procedures or another frequent trading policy that achieves the objective of the purchase blocking procedures. Investors that invest in the Portfolios through an Intermediary should contact the Intermediary for information concerning the policies and procedures that apply to the investor.

As of the date of this Prospectus, the ability of the Fund and Dimensional to apply the purchase blocking procedures on purchases by all investors and the ability of the Fund and Dimensional to monitor trades through Omnibus Accounts maintained by Intermediaries may be restricted due to systems limitations of both the Fund's service providers and the Intermediaries. The Fund expects that the application of the Trading Policy as described above, including the purchase blocking procedures (subject to the limitations described above), will be able to be implemented by Intermediaries in compliance with Rule 22c-2 under the 1940 Act.

In addition to monitoring trade activity, the Board has adopted fair value pricing procedures that govern the pricing of the securities of the Portfolios. These procedures are designed to help ensure that the prices at which Portfolio shares are purchased and redeemed are fair, and do not result in dilution of shareholder interests or other harm to shareholders. See the discussion under **"VALUATION OF SHARES"** for additional details regarding fair value pricing of the Portfolio's securities.

Although the procedures are designed to discourage excessive short-term trading, none of the procedures individually nor all of the procedures taken together can completely eliminate the possibility that excessive short-term trading activity in a Portfolio may occur. The Portfolios do not knowingly accommodate excessive or disruptive trading activities, including market timing.

VALUATION OF SHARES

The net asset value per share of each Portfolio is generally calculated on days that the NYSE is open for trading. The net asset value per share of each Portfolio is calculated after the close of the NYSE (normally, 4:00 p.m. ET) by dividing the total value of the Portfolio's investments and other assets, less any liabilities, by the total outstanding shares of the stock of the Portfolio. *Note:* The time at which transactions and shares are priced may be changed in case of an emergency or if the NYSE closes at a time other than 4:00 p.m. ET.

The value of the shares of each Portfolio will fluctuate in relation to its own investment experience. Securities held by the Portfolios will be valued in accordance with applicable laws and procedures adopted by the Board of Directors, and generally, as described below.

Securities held by the Portfolios (including over-the-counter securities) are valued at the last quoted sale price of the day. Securities held by the Portfolios that are listed on Nasdaq are valued at the Nasdaq Official Closing Price ("NOCP"). If there is no last reported sale price or NOCP of the day, the Portfolios value the securities at the mean of the most recent quoted bid and asked prices. Price information on listed securities is taken from the exchange where the security is primarily traded. Generally, securities issued by open-end investment companies are valued using their respective net asset values or public offering prices, as appropriate, for purchase orders placed at the close of the NYSE.

The value of the shares of the Fixed Income Portfolios will tend to fluctuate with interest rates because, unlike money market funds, these Portfolios do not seek to stabilize the value of their respective shares by use of the "amortized cost" method of asset valuation. Net asset value includes interest on fixed income securities which is accrued daily. Debt securities will be valued on the basis of prices provided by one or more pricing services or other reasonably reliable sources including broker/dealers that typically handle the purchase and sale of such securities. Securities which are traded over-the-counter and on a stock exchange generally will be valued according to the broadest and most representative market, and it is expected that for bonds and other fixed income securities, this ordinarily will be the over-the-counter market.

The value of the securities and other assets of the Portfolios for which no market quotations are readily available (including restricted securities), or for which market quotations have become unreliable, are determined in good faith at fair value in accordance with procedures adopted by the Board of Directors. Fair value pricing may also be used if events that have a significant effect on the value of an investment (as determined in the

discretion of the Investment Committee of the Advisor) occur before the net asset value is calculated. When fair value pricing is used, the prices of securities used by the Portfolios may differ from the quoted or published prices for the same securities on their primary markets or exchanges.

To the extent that a Portfolio holds large numbers of securities, it is likely that it will have a larger number of securities that may be deemed illiquid and therefore must be valued pursuant to special procedures adopted by the Board of Directors, than would a fund that holds a smaller number of securities. The VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio is more likely to hold illiquid securities than would a fund that invests in larger capitalization companies.

As of the date of this Prospectus, the Portfolios holding foreign equity securities (the “Foreign Equity Funds”) will also fair value price in the circumstances described below. Generally, trading in foreign securities markets is completed each day at various times prior to the close of the NYSE. For example, trading in the Japanese securities markets is completed each day at the close of the Tokyo Stock Exchange (normally, 2:00 a.m. ET), which is fourteen hours prior to the close of the NYSE (normally, 4:00 p.m. ET) and the time that the net asset values of the Foreign Equity Funds are computed. Due to the time differences between the closings of the relevant foreign securities exchanges and the time the Foreign Equity Funds price their shares at the close of the NYSE, the Foreign Equity Funds will fair value their foreign investments when it is determined that the market quotations for the foreign investments are either unreliable or not readily available. The fair value prices will attempt to reflect the impact of the U.S. financial markets’ perceptions and trading activities on the Foreign Equity Funds’ foreign investments since the last closing prices of the foreign investments were calculated on their primary foreign securities markets or exchanges. For these purposes, the Board of Directors of the Portfolios have determined that movements in relevant indices or other appropriate market indicators, after the close of the Tokyo Stock Exchange or the London Stock Exchange, demonstrate that market quotations may be unreliable, and may trigger fair value pricing. Consequently, fair valuation of portfolio securities may occur on a daily basis. The fair value pricing by the Portfolios utilizes data furnished by an independent pricing service (and that data draws upon, among other information, the market values of foreign investments). When a Foreign Equity Fund uses fair value pricing, the values assigned to the Foreign Equity Fund’s foreign investments may not be the quoted or published prices of the investments on their primary markets or exchanges. The Board of Directors of the Portfolios monitor the operation of the method used to fair value price the Foreign Equity Funds’ foreign investments.

Valuing securities at fair value involves greater reliance on judgment than valuing securities that have readily available market quotations. There can be no assurance that a Portfolio could obtain the fair value assigned to a security if it were to sell the security at approximately the time at which the Portfolio determines its net asset value per share. As a result, the sale or redemption by a Portfolio of its shares at net asset value, at a time when a holding or holdings are valued at fair value, may have the effect of diluting or increasing the economic interest of existing shareholders.

The net asset values per share of the International Equity Portfolios and VA Global Bond Portfolio are expressed in U.S. dollars by translating the net assets of each Portfolio using the mean of the most recent bid and asked prices for the dollar as quoted by generally recognized reliable sources. Since the International Equity Portfolios own securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges which may trade on days when the Portfolios do not price their shares, the net asset values of the International Equity Portfolios may change on days when shareholders will not be able to purchase or redeem shares.

Futures contracts are valued using the settlement price established each day on the exchange on which they are traded. The value of such futures contracts held by a Portfolio is determined each day as of such close.

DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

Each Portfolio generally will disclose up to 25 of its largest portfolio holdings (other than cash and cash equivalents) and the percentages that each of these largest portfolio holdings represent of the total assets of the Portfolio, as of the most recent month-end, online at the Advisor's public Web site, <http://www.dimensional.com>, within 20 days after the end of each month. Each Portfolio also generally will disclose its complete portfolio holdings (other than cash and cash equivalents), as of month-end, online at the Advisor's public Web site, two months following the month-end or more frequently and at different periods when authorized in accordance with the Portfolios' policies and procedures. Please consult the SAI for a description of the other policies and procedures that govern disclosure of the portfolio holdings by the Portfolios.

DELIVERY OF SHAREHOLDER DOCUMENTS

To eliminate duplicate mailings and reduce expenses, the Portfolios may deliver a single copy of certain shareholder documents, such as this Prospectus and annual and semi-annual reports, to related shareholders at the same address, even if accounts are registered in different names. This practice is known as "householding." The Portfolios will not household personal information documents, such as account statements. If you do not want the mailings of these documents to be combined with other members of your household, please call us collect at (512) 306-7400. We will begin sending individual copies of the shareholder documents to you within 30 days of receiving your request.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Financial Highlights table is meant to help you understand each Portfolio's financial performance for the past 5 years as indicated by the table. The total returns in the table represent the rate that you would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Portfolio, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. This information has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, whose report, along with the Portfolios' annual financial statements, are included in the annual report which is available upon request. The total return information shown in the Financial Highlights tables does not reflect the expenses that apply to a separate account or the related insurance policies. If these charges were included, the total return figures for all periods shown would be reduced.

DFA INVESTMENT DIMENSIONS GROUP INC.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)

	VA U.S. Large Value Portfolio					
	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2010	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2009	Period Ended Oct. 31, 2008**	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2007	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2006	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2005
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 11.94	\$ 11.10	\$ 17.45	\$ 18.89	\$ 16.93	\$ 15.01
Income From Investment Operations						
Net Investment Income (Loss)	0.25*	0.23*	0.27*	0.24*	0.25*	0.19
Net Gains (Losses) on Securities (Realized and Unrealized)	2.12	0.92	(6.40)	(0.30)	2.60	1.88
Total from Investment Operations	2.37	1.15	(6.13)	(0.06)	2.85	2.07
Less Distributions						
Net Investment Income	(0.22)	(0.31)	(0.22)	(0.22)	(0.20)	(0.15)
Net Realized Gains	—	—	—	(1.16)	(0.69)	—
Total Distributions	(0.22)	(0.31)	(0.22)	(1.38)	(0.89)	(0.15)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 14.09	\$ 11.94	\$ 11.10	\$ 17.45	\$ 18.89	\$ 16.93
Total Return	20.08%	11.01%	(35.56)% [^]	(0.47)%	17.74%	13.91%
Net Assets, End of Period (thousands)	\$122,672	\$99,834	\$89,009	\$140,825	\$120,776	\$86,031
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets	0.30%	0.33%	0.31%#	0.28%	0.32%	0.38%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	1.87%	2.24%	1.86%#	1.28%	1.44%	1.27%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	33%	38%	21% [^]	9%	14%	13%

* Computed using average shares outstanding.

** The fiscal year end for the Portfolio was changed from November 30 to October 31. The information presented covers the period from December 1, 2007 through October 31, 2008.

[^] Non-Annualized

Annualized

DFA INVESTMENT DIMENSIONS GROUP INC.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)

	VA U.S. Targeted Value Portfolio					
	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2010	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2009	Period Ended Oct. 31, 2008**	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2007	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2006	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2005
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 8.27	\$ 8.13	\$ 13.25	\$ 17.23	\$ 16.57	\$ 16.95
Income From Investment Operations						
Net Investment Income (Loss)	0.07*	0.08*	0.12*	0.15*	0.15*	0.05
Net Gains (Losses) on Securities (Realized and Unrealized)	2.15	0.24	(3.98)	(1.85)	2.63	1.42
Total from Investment Operations ...	2.22	0.32	(3.86)	(1.70)	2.78	1.47
Less Distributions						
Net Investment Income	(0.09)	(0.14)	(0.14)	(0.14)	(0.05)	(0.06)
Net Realized Gains	—	(0.04)	(1.12)	(2.14)	(2.07)	(1.79)
Total Distributions	(0.09)	(0.18)	(1.26)	(2.28)	(2.12)	(1.85)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 10.40	\$ 8.27	\$ 8.13	\$ 13.25	\$ 17.23	\$ 16.57
Total Return	27.00%	4.32%	(32.03)% [^]	(11.45)%	19.33%	9.61%
Net Assets, End of Period (thousands)	\$93,851	\$67,307	\$69,829	\$101,695	\$100,337	\$77,914
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets	0.42%	0.45%	0.50%#	0.56%	0.57%	0.63%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	0.68%	1.11%	1.24%#	1.01%	0.93%	0.33%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	32%	19%	23% [^]	32%	38%	35%

* Computed using average shares outstanding.

** The fiscal year end for the Portfolio was changed from November 30 to October 31. The information presented covers the period from December 1, 2007 through October 31, 2008.

[^] Non-Annualized

Annualized

DFA INVESTMENT DIMENSIONS GROUP INC.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)

	VA International Value Portfolio					
	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2010	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2009	Period Ended Oct. 31, 2008**	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2007	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2006	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2005
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 11.22	\$ 10.20	\$ 21.98	\$ 20.37	\$ 16.08	\$ 14.25
Income From Investment Operations						
Net Investment Income (Loss)	0.25*	0.27*	0.57*	0.67*	0.55*	0.32
Net Gains (Losses) on Securities (Realized and Unrealized)	0.89	2.47	(9.89)	2.68	4.91	1.96
Total from Investment Operations ..	1.14	2.74	(9.32)	3.35	5.46	2.28
Less Distributions						
Net Investment Income	(0.29)	(0.54)	(0.66)	(0.56)	(0.38)	(0.27)
Net Realized Gains	—	(1.18)	(1.80)	(1.18)	(0.79)	(0.18)
Total Distributions	(0.29)	(1.72)	(2.46)	(1.74)	(1.17)	(0.45)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 12.07	\$ 11.22	\$ 10.20	\$ 21.98	\$ 20.37	\$ 16.08
Total Return	10.35%	33.92%	(47.39)% [^]	17.66%	36.16%	16.42%
Net Assets, End of Period (thousands)	\$103,601	\$75,350	\$60,973	\$114,279	\$91,603	\$61,613
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets	0.50%	0.52%	0.49%#	0.47%	0.49%	0.59%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.28%	3.03%	3.73%#	3.18%	3.09%	2.21%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	21%	20%	18% [^]	19%	13%	12%

* Computed using average shares outstanding.

** The fiscal year end for the Portfolio was changed from November 30 to October 31. The information presented covers the period from December 1, 2007 through October 31, 2008.

[^] Non-Annualized

Annualized

DFA INVESTMENT DIMENSIONS GROUP INC.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)

	VA International Small Portfolio					
	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2010	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2009	Period Ended Oct. 31, 2008**	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2007	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2006	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2005
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 9.20	\$ 7.33	\$ 15.41	\$ 14.76	\$ 12.93	\$ 11.22
Income From Investment Operations						
Net Investment Income (Loss)	0.18*	0.18*	0.32*	0.28*	0.26*	0.22
Net Gains (Losses) on Securities (Realized and Unrealized)	1.42	2.46	(6.75)	1.63	3.10	1.92
Total from Investment Operations	1.60	2.64	(6.43)	1.91	3.36	2.14
Less Distributions						
Net Investment Income	(0.18)	(0.28)	(0.27)	(0.28)	(0.22)	(0.21)
Net Realized Gains	—	(0.49)	(1.38)	(0.98)	(1.31)	(0.22)
Total Distributions	(0.18)	(0.77)	(1.65)	(1.26)	(1.53)	(0.43)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 10.62	\$ 9.20	\$ 7.33	\$ 15.41	\$ 14.76	\$ 12.93
Total Return	17.68%	41.04%	(46.30)% [^]	13.94%	28.59%	19.72%
Net Assets, End of Period (thousands)	\$78,148	\$58,954	\$44,770	\$79,720	\$60,106	\$43,662
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets	0.63%	0.66%	0.62%#	0.62%	0.64%	0.73%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	1.87%	2.41%	2.90%#	1.84%	1.91%	1.86%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	9%	14%	18% [^]	20%	14%	21%

* Computed using average shares outstanding.

** The fiscal year end for the Portfolio was changed from November 30 to October 31. The information presented covers the period from December 1, 2007 through October 31, 2008.

[^] Non-Annualized

Annualized

DFA INVESTMENT DIMENSIONS GROUP INC.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)

	VA Short-Term Fixed Portfolio					
	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2010	Year Ended Oct. 31, 2009	Period Ended Oct. 31, 2008**	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2007	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2006	Year Ended Nov. 30, 2005
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 10.42	\$ 10.34	\$ 10.56	\$ 10.44	\$ 10.26	\$ 10.20
Income From Investment Operations						
Net Investment Income (Loss)	0.06*	0.19*	0.29*	0.51*	0.41*	0.26
Net Gains (Losses) on Securities (Realized and Unrealized)	0.05	0.20	(0.04)	(0.01)	0.04	(0.06)
Total from Investment Operations	0.11	0.39	0.25	0.50	0.45	0.20
Less Distributions						
Net Investment Income	(0.16)	(0.31)	(0.47)	(0.38)	(0.27)	(0.14)
Net Realized Gains	(0.06)	—	—	—	—	—
Total Distributions	(0.22)	(0.31)	(0.47)	(0.38)	(0.27)	(0.14)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 10.31	\$ 10.42	\$ 10.34	\$ 10.56	\$ 10.44	\$ 10.26
Total Return	1.09%	3.84%	2.48%^	4.99%	4.49%	1.98%
Net Assets, End of Period (thousands)	\$89,166	\$82,248	\$86,805	\$83,736	\$65,937	\$52,364
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets	0.30%	0.34%	0.31%#	0.31%	0.32%	0.34%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	0.60%	1.85%	3.03%#	4.93%	3.98%	2.77%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	79%	68%	20%^	22%	29%	31%

* Computed using average shares outstanding.

** The fiscal year end for the Portfolio was changed from November 30 to October 31. The information presented covers the period from December 1, 2007 through October 31, 2008.

^ Non-Annualized

Annualized

DFA INVESTMENT DIMENSIONS GROUP INC.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(For a share outstanding throughout each period)

	VA Global Bond Portfolio					
	<u>Year Ended Oct. 31, 2010</u>	<u>Year Ended Oct. 31, 2009</u>	<u>Period Ended Oct. 31, 2008**</u>	<u>Year Ended Nov. 30, 2007</u>	<u>Year Ended Nov. 30, 2006</u>	<u>Year Ended Nov. 30, 2005</u>
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 11.44	\$ 10.97	\$ 10.95	\$ 10.46	\$ 10.55	\$ 10.55
Income From Investment Operations						
Net Investment Income (Loss)	0.30*	0.28*	0.24*	0.32*	0.27*	0.33*
Net Gains (Losses) on Securities (Realized and Unrealized)	0.54	0.57	—	0.21	0.12	(0.12)
Total from Investment Operations	0.84	0.85	0.24	0.53	0.39	0.21
Less Distributions						
Net Investment Income	(0.46)	(0.38)	(0.22)	(0.04)	(0.48)	(0.21)
Net Realized Gains	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Distributions	(0.46)	(0.38)	(0.22)	(0.04)	(0.48)	(0.21)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 11.82	\$ 11.44	\$ 10.97	\$ 10.95	\$ 10.46	\$ 10.55
Total Return	7.61%	7.93%	2.18%^	5.06%	3.90%	1.98%
Net Assets, End of Period (thousands)	\$107,954	\$89,641	\$92,313	\$96,146	\$77,418	\$61,828
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets . .	0.31%	0.34%	0.32%#	0.31%	0.33%	0.41%
Ratio of Net Investment Income to Average Net Assets	2.64%	2.51%	2.42%#	3.02%	2.59%	3.12%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	80%	65%	61%^	85%	97%	75%

* Computed using average shares outstanding.

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^ Non-Annualized

Annualized

SERVICE PROVIDERS

Investment Advisor

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Custodian—Domestic

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Trust Company effective July 1, 2011)
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Other Available Information

You can find more information about the Fund and its Portfolios in the Fund's SAI and Annual and Semi-Annual Reports.

Statement of Additional Information. The SAI supplements, and is technically part of, this Prospectus. It includes an expanded discussion of investment practices, risks, and fund operations.

Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders. These reports focus on Portfolio holdings and performance. The Annual Report also discusses the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Portfolios in their last fiscal year.

Request free copies from:

- Your investment advisor—you are a client of an investment advisor who has invested in the Portfolios on your behalf.
- The Fund—you represent an institutional investor, registered investment advisor or other qualifying investor. Call collect at (512) 306-7400.
- Access them on our Web site at <http://www.dimensionalfund.com>.
- Access them on the EDGAR Database in the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>.
- Review and copy them at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington D.C. (phone 1-800-SEC-0330).
- Request copies from the Public Reference Section of the SEC, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102 or at publicinfo@sec.gov (you will be charged a copying fee). Information on the operation of the SEC's public reference room is available by calling the SEC at 1-202-551-8090.

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